ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1874. Vol. VII---No 116

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack, Whitehall street.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchant—R. J. Griffin, No. 60 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers—McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY—B. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., T. F. Grady, 22 Alabama st., near Ga. Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods—F. M. Richardson, 82 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING—W. B. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING—Dykeman, No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

FAMILY GROCERIES—C. R. Brumby, 92 Whitehall street.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY—H. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles—Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS—SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES—Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY — J. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Hunter streets.

DYEHOUSE—JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT—THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

LAWYERS.

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—d1y

BRANHAM & SMITH, Atlanta, Ga. | SMITH & BRANHAM, Rome, Ga.

J. BRANHAM, Jr., & C. H. SMITH, Attorneys at Law. Partners in Court business only. Atlanta office corner of Marietta and Broad streets, up-stairs. aug6—d3mo

J. & J. C. RUTHERFORD, Attorneys at Law, Macon, Ga., may 22—tf

S. M. WYNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Augusta, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit.

☞ Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4-d1y

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24—d1y

W. J. RAY, Attorney at Law, Madison, Ga., practices in the courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Special attention given to collections mar6-d12m

W. T. MOYERS, Attorney a Law, Newnan, Ga. Will practice in all the Courts. may30—d1f

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74-d9m

J. T. SPENCE, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Will practice in State and Federal Courts. mar5—d1y

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9-d1y

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—d1y

ANDREW CLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20-d1y

J. C. PAIN. T. C. MILNER.

PAIN & MILNER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Calhoun, Georgia. Will practice in all the Superior Courts of Cherokee Georgia, the Supreme Court of the State, and the United States District and Circuit Courts, at Atlanta, Ga. july16, 1874—d6m

JARED I. WHITAKER, ATTORNEY at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business extended to him in the State and Federal Courts. Can be found at Dr. John G. Westmoreland's office, in room No. "3" up-stairs, in Jaones' Bank Block, Whitehall street. sep4, 1874—d3mo

W. H. NEAL, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits. sep24—d1oct10

GEORGE F. PIERCE, Jr., Attorney at Law, Sparta, Ga. mar32-d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Cartersville, Ga. Prompt attention given to collections of claims. mar11-d1y

JOHN T. JORDAN, Attorney at Law Sparta, Ga., will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to collections. mar3-d1y

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga. feb3-d1y

JAMES H. GUERRY, J. L. JANES.—J. Guerry & Janes, Attorneys at Law, Dawson, Ga., will practice in the courts of Pataula, Southwestern and Albany Circuits, and elsewhere by special contract. may17, 1874—d6m

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11-d1f

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga., will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11-d12m

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—d1y

W. S. JOHNSON. Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side of the public square, south of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. June 5, 1874—d12m

JOHN W. POWELL, Newnan, Ga. | J. E. STALLINGS, Senoia, Ga.

POWELL & STALLINGS, ATTORNEYS AT Law, will practice in the courts of the Coweta Circuit, Supreme Court and the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. Business entrusted to them shall meet with prompt attention. sept, '74—d3mo

JOSEPH H. SMITH, Attorney at Law. Will practice in the State Courts in Atlanta Circuit and in the United States and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, Office, No. 19 Whitehall street, up stairs, room No. 4, Atlanta, Ga. fbbl-d1f

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office with Abda Johnson in Court House. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—d1y

DENTISTS.

DENTIST—D. SMITH, D.D.S., Resident Dentist, No. 60½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., over Chamberlain & Boynton's. may 16-d6m

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 48 Whitehall street, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11-tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7-d1f

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☜ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4-d1y

GRATE AND MANTLE SETTING.

GRATE AND MANTLE SETTING.—I am now prepared to attend all orders for Setting Mantles and Grates of all kinds, resetting Grates, &c. Orders left at Hunnicutt & Bellingrath's, No. 12 Marietta street, will receive prompt attention. JORDAN LOVE, Grate and Mantle Setter and Repairer of Smoking Chimneys. aug30—d3m

MEAT, PRODUCE, ETC.

ATLANTA AND TENNESSEE MARKET House.—Rose, Jamison & Co., Butchers, dealers in Cattle, Hogs, Butter, Eggs, etc., No. 135 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. O. A. V. ROSE, J. E. JAMISON, W. L. SHOFNER & CO., W. L. SHOFNER, Fayetteville, Tenn. apr12—d6m.

NOTICE.

MR. H. L. KIMBALL wants to rent a furnished house of six rooms or more. Possession or about November 1st. Call on sep30—d2t G. W. ADAIR.

GENERAL LAND DEALER.

A. M. COCHRAN, General Land Agent, and Dealer in Real Estate, Gainesville, Ga. Special attention given to the examination and analysis of mineral lands, and the purchase and sale of the same. Office Southeast Corner Public Square, Gainesville, Georgia. may 2-d1y

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. may15—

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GREESON, may 1-d1y Charlotte, N. C.

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms aug31—dtf

HOTELS.

NEWTON HOUSE—Mrs. Janet Haudrup, corner of Main and Spring streets, Sparta, Georgia. Terms, $2 00 per day, lodging included; 50 cents per meal without lodging. mar3-dtf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture. A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—d1f

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., A. Y. Sheats, Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. june3-dtf

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf.

VIRGINIA HOTEL, Newnan, Georgia. This Hotel is kept by two ladies from Virginia, who will guarantee you something good to eat, polite servants, clean rooms, good beds, and a jolly Clerk. Don't forget the place. Prop. WELLS, july19-dtf Clerk.

POMONA HOUSE, CLARKESVILLE, Georgia.—This house is more desirably situated than any other house in town—affording a full view of some of the finest mountain scenery in Georgia. It is about one hundred yards from a fine mineral spring. A splendid summer resort.

M. B. O'CALLAGHAN, Formerly of Globe Hotel. june14—d3tw3w

RICHMOND HOUSE, near depot, Gainesville, Georgia. J. W. Trammell, Proprietor. This house is new and comfortable. Table well supplied. ☞ FARE REDUCED. ☜ Baggage carried to and from depot free. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. june14—dtf

TOCCOA HOUSE, (situated one hundred yards north of depot,) Toccoa, Georgia. S. V. Davenport, Proprietor. This hotel is new and commodious, and the table well supplied. Baggage carried to and from the depot free of charge. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. Charges moderate. june14—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments. july5-dtf

BROWN'S HOTEL,

E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,

MACON, GEORGIA.

Opened January 1st, 1856.

BOARD.....$3 PER DAY.

E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.

The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully, aug30-dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

READ HOUSE,

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE,

If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House.

W. M. LEWIS, } Clerks.
W. G. GANT, }

june28—dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

PYE HOUSE,

FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$ 2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodations superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN, Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel, Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT, sep13—dtf Late of Columbus, Ga.

GLOBE HOTEL,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

Corner Broad and Jackson streets.

The Globe Hotel

has just been REFURNISHED AND REFITTED,

with all the

MODERN IMPROVEMENTS

AND CONVENIENCES,

Together with the addition of a new Veranda making it one of the most complete Hotels in the country, and is now ready for the accommodation of the traveling public.

sep15—dtf P. MAY Proprietor.

QUARTERLY RETURNS.

ALL MERCHANTS SELLING GOODS of any description on Commission, Insurance Agents, Photographers, Lawyers, Doctors, Dentists and Sewing Machine Agents, are hereby notified that they are required to come to my office in the City Hall and make their returns of gross receipts or sales for the months of July, August and September. All failing to do so by the 10th of October, will have to settle with the Deputy Marshal, with additional costs.

FRANK T. RYAN, City Clerk.
Atlanta, October 4, 1874—dt11th

STATE FAIR.

NOTICE.

PROPRIETORS of Hotels and Boarding Houses, and all other persons willing to entertain strangers during the Fair, are requested to report to either of the undersigned the number of guests they can entertain, and the amount they will charge per day. A correct list of houses reported will be kept, and the necessary information will be given to strangers on their arrival here, or in answer to their previous application.

S. B. SPENCER, Mayor.
R. C. YOUNG, chm'n, } Fair
A. HAAS, secretary, } Committee
sep20-tf

DONALDSON & WALLER,

Tobacco Brokers Grain Dealers

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

july28—d3taw3m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.—W. D. Ellis is announced as a candidate for re-election as councilman from the second ward, subject to the democratic nomination. [sep24 dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—C. K. Maddox is announce as a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep20—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of councilman from the first ward, subject to the democratic nomination on Saturday, the 10th of October, 1874. sep20—d1 JOHN B. GOODWIN.

FOR ALDERMAN.—We are authorized announce the name of Capt. A. J. West for a derman for the city at large, subject to the democratic nomination. sep19—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN—We are authorized to announce the name of C. S. Solomon as a candidate for council from the second ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep19—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce the name of Major John F. Edwards as a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep19—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce the name of John S. Garmany as a candidate for councilman from the fourth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep18—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We a . ounce Dr. W. C. Asher a candidate for Councilman for the 5th Ward, subject to the democratic nomination. MANY VOTERS. sept16-dtdn

FOR ALDERMAN—The friends of Z. H. Smith announce his name for Alderman, subject to the Democratic nomination. sept16-dtdn

FOR COUNCILMAN.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for councilman from the third ward, subject to the democratic nomination. A. CONNALLY. sep15—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce Dr. Samuel Hape for council from the fourth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep15—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce A. B. Latham as a candidate for council from the first ward, subject to democratic nomination. sep15—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce Captain J. A. Richardson for council from the fifth ward, subject to the democratic nomination on October 10th, 1874. sep15—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—Otis Jones announces himself a candidate for the council from the third ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep25—dtd

FOR ALDERMAN.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for alderman at large, subject to the democratic nomination, Saturday, October 10th, 1874. sep13—dtd AARON HAAS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce the name of A. O. M. Gay as a candidate for councilman from ward the 4th, subject to the democratic nomination. sep13—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized and requested to announce the name of F. P. Rice as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep13—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—Please announce the name of J. W. Goldsmith as a candidate for councilman from the second ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep23—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. John M. Borling as a candidate for councilman from the first ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep22—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—I announce myself a candidate for councilman from the second ward, subject to the democratic nomination; am pledged to no line of action, but will try to serve the best interests of the city. JNO. J. McDANIEL. sep22—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—I am a candidate for councilman from the second ward, subject to democratic nomination.

Respectfully, sep22—dtd GREEN B. ROBERTS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.—Dr. J. D. Turner is announced as a candidate for member of council from the first ward, subject to democratic nomination, by sep22—dtd MANY VOTERS.

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce Mr. D. A. Beatie for councilman from the third ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep22-dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—Please announce the name of Dr. V. M. Hodgson as a candidate for councilman from the fifth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep27—dtd

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.—We are requested to announce the name of C. M. Payne as a candidate for re-election to the office of county treasurer, subject to the democratic nomination on the 17th of November, 1874. sep27—dtd

FOR SHERIFF.—*Editors Constitution:* Please announce my name as a candidate for re-election to the office of sheriff of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination to be held on the 17th of November next, associated with G. W. ANDERSON, C. C. GREEN and C. W. WELLS, as deputies. A. M. PERKERSON. sep12—dtd

FOR SHERIFF.—For sheriff of Fulton county, subject to democratic nomination Alfred L. Fowler with the following deputies: C. L. Poole, J. N. Langston, D. A McDuffie. sep1—dtd

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—I am a candidate for Tax Receiver, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party, for the following reasons: 1st. Because I believe myself as capable as any man; and 2d, Because I served one term in that office, and did the work one year (1864) at a cost to myself of $1,000 or $1,200, and have never received one cent from the State—the Legislature refusing to pay me, because they might be asked to pay other honest debts—therefore I believe my claims to the office equal to those of any one else. J. L. MILLER. aug14—dtd

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—*To the Voters of Fulton county.*—I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of tax receiver, subject to the democratic nomination. My services in the past will be surety for me performing my duties in the future. A. G. GRIER. sep11—dtd

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of Tax Receiver of Fulton county subject to the Democratic nomination. aug19—dtd J. C. DUNLAP.

FOR TAX RECLIVER.—Please announce the name of Miles Turpin as a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug13—dtd

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—*Editors Constitution:* Please announce the name of J. C. Holbrook as a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party. july5—dtdn.

FOR TAX RECEIVER.—L. C. Wells is a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug9—dtd

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for reelection to the office of Tax Collector of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination—November 17, 1874. sep20-dtd SAMUEL R. HOYLE.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—The friends of Captain T. J. Mercer announce him as a candidate for tax collector of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination. aug30—dtd

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—*Editors Constitution:* Please announce the name of Robert M. Farrar as a candidate for Tax Collector of Fulton county, subject to the uomination of the Democratic party. july" -dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—Mr. Jno. H. Flynn is hereby announced for re-election as councilman from the fourth ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep30—dtd

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—By the request of my friends I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for tax collector of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination. HIRAM McGRIFF. sep6—dtf

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.—JAMES E. WILLIAMS is a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug13—dtu

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE TICKET TO VOTE.

FOR MAYOR,

C. C. HAMMOCK.

FOR ALDERMEN.

R. F. MADDOX.
A. J. WEST.
DR. E. J. ROACH.

FOR COUNCILMEN—FIRST WARD.

J. B. GOODWIN.....J. D. TURNER.

SECOND WARD.

J. W. GOLDSMITH.....W. D. ELLIS.

THIRD WARD.

D. A. BEATIE.....T. A. MORRIS.

FOURTH WARD.

A. O. M. GAY.....J. S. GARMANY.

FIFTH WARD.

F. P. RICE.....J. A. RICHARDSON.

Editors Constitution: Please announce the above splendid ticket, representing all interests, embracing men who have been tried and are good.

It is proper to add that none of the above gentlemen have been consulted or know anything of this matter. The ticket will be supported, in the interest of the city, by

Democratic to the core, and respresentative of all classes and interests, it is the choice of the people. sep30—dtf MANY CITIZENS.

AN AMENDMENT OFFERED.

Editors Constitution: We notice a ticket in your columns to-day, and it will be generally supported, with this amendment, which we hope you can get inserted in the ticket. Put Judge C. C. Hammock at the head of it, and Dr. E. J. Roach as the third alderman, and then count on an enthusiastic support by MANY DEMOCRATS. oct1—dtf

FOR WATER COMMISSIONER.—The citizens of the third ward unanimously renominate George W. Terry for water commissioner. oct7—dtd

FOR MAYOR.—We are authorized to announce Dr. N. L. Angier as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the democratic nomination on Saturday next. oct4—dtd

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—We are authorized to announce the name of M. T. Castleberry as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to the Democratic nomination. july10-dtdn

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.—I respectfully announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the Democratic nomination. aug19—dtd JAMES D. COLLINS

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT. GEO. H. HAMMOND is a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, Georgia—*subject to the Democratic nomination.* aug4—dtd

FOR CLEEK OF SUPERIOR COURT. Captain T. B. Camp is a candidate for the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party. july15-dtn

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.—Major Julius M. Patton will be supported in the democratic convention for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county aug25—dtd

FOR CLERK SUPERIOR COURT.—We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. J. S. Holliday as a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton county, subject to the democratic nomination. aug23—dtd

FOR THE SENATE.—We are authorized the name of the Hon. E. C. McAfee as a candidate for the senate for this, the 39th senatorial district, composed of the counties of Forsyth, Milton and Cherokee. aug25—wtd

FOR CORONER—We are authorized to announce William Bell as a candidate for coroner of Fulton county, subject to democratic nomination. sep9—dtd

FOR ALDERMAN.—We, the citizens, of Atlanta propose Colonel R. F. Maddox for Alderman at large, subject to the democratic nomination. MANY VOTERS. sep9—dtd

FOR COUNCILMAN.—We are authorized to announce Captain T. C. Jackson as a candidate for council from the second ward, subject to the democratic nomination. sep29—dtd

DAILY CONSTITUTION

The Harriet Lane.

[From the New Orleans Times.]

The once famed United States steam revenue cutter, Harriet Lane, transformed into a trim sailing vessel, is now lying at the wharf in Galveston, preparing to take on board a cargo of cotton for Providence, R. I. Rather a strange place for her to be.

When the Lane made her first appearance in Galveston harbor, in the fall of 1862, it was as one of a federal war squadron, which, with federal troops, held the Island City for several months after it was abandoned by the confederate troops under General P. O. Hebert. On the first day of January, 1863, Gen. John Bankhead Magruder, at the head of a combined confederate land and water force, retook Galveston, captured the federal garrison, the Harriet Lane and several other armed and unarmed vessels, after a fierce and bloody contest, in which both sides dispiayed distinguished valor.

The Harriet Lane was carried by storm, as it were, and her brave commander, standing alone and high in air on the bridge running from one wheel to another of his vessel, refused to surrender and fell at his post before to fighting commodore of Magruder's steamboat navy, Leon Smith. The Harriet Lane's first lieutenant received his death wound in a hand to hand encounter with a confederate officer, and breathed his last just as his father, a confederate staff officer, ignorant of the scene that awaited him, came on board after the fight, and, to his horror, recognized in the dying officer his own son whom he had not seen or heard of for many months. A sailors of the Lane, armed with a cutlass, rushed at one of the boarders, a Texas ranger, who lowered his double-barrel shot-gun, and just as the fatal blow was to be given, the two combatants recogned each other as brothers long separated.

There are some now in New Orleans who participated in that daybreak conflict, so brief and so fierce. The return of the Harriet Lane to her old wharf in Galveston for the first time in eleven years, will recall to them many deeply interesting incidents, some pleasing, some painful. But the war vessel, after undergoing many vicissitudes since that memorable morn, now returns under the banner and for the purpose of peace. The chief leaders in that hot fight are dead; their followers, on both sides, like the gallant vessel, have laid aside their arms and their accoutrements. None of them would wish for a moment for the return of days when fellow countrymen were arrayed against each other in bloody strife; and, with them, the "Blue and the Gray" mean friends, not foes. So be it ever.

An Attempt to Defeat Bishop Seymour.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

CHICAGO, October 9.—The Tribune states that a movement is on foot to prevent the confirmation by the Episcopal convention, now in session in New York, of the recent election by this diocese, of Dr. Geo. F. Seymour, as bishop of Illinois, on the ground that since his election it has been ascertained that the charge made against him of being an extreme high churchman has some foundation, and that if the facts now known had been understood by the convention at the time, he could never have been elected.

The White Leaguers.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, October 9.—No positive information can be obtained in regard to the proceedings against the White Leaguers. The best opinion is that the attorney general is, to use the mildest phrase, timid. Upon being interrogated concerning the rumor prevalent in New Orleans, that he had instructed the commencement of legal proceedings against the White Leaguers throughout Louisiana, said that he did not consider it worth while either to confirm or deny the reports. From this it was inferred there is good foundation for the rumor.

THE SICILIAN MAFFIA.

A Vast Organization of the Dangerous Classes in Southern Italy—The State of Society that Has Given Rise to the Order.

[Perugia Letter, September 7, to Manchester Guardian.]

We have had among the recent arrivals in this city a large body of involuntary visitors, whose presence has been occasioned by the exceptional state of the island of Sicily. Perhaps it would be more correct to say by the regular and normal state of the island of Sicily, which has at length called forth an unexceptional amount of attention and anxiety in all other provinces, and an exceptional solicitude on the part of the Italian government. The involuntary visitors to whom I refer are a large body of the Sicilian malefactors arrested in Palermo on the charge of robbing the Mont de Plete, or government pawnbroking establishment of that city, into which they had managed to effect their entrance by a regular series of under-ground engineering operations. After effecting a robbery to the amount of several hundred thousand francs, they were discovered, arrested, thrown into prison, subjected to a criminal inquiry and brought to trial. But the trial did not take place because for three successive days the citizens of Palermo bound to serve as jurymen did not appear. It further became evident that preparations on a grand scale were making to effect the rescue of the prisoners. This design was frustrated by an order of the government that the prisoners should be removed to the mainland and conveyed, some to the prison at Turin, others to that of Perugia. They will be brought to trial in some of the cities of the mainland, and it is hoped that, being no longer shielded by the intimidation exercised by the Sicilian Maffia, which so effectually deterred the citizens of Palermo from acting as jurymen, these robbers and assassins will receive their deserts.

What is the Maffia? It is the Sicilian form and name corresponding to what in Naples was so long and so ominously known as the Camorra. Like the Neapolitan Camorra, the Sicilian Maffia is a vast organization of "the dangerous classes," of all who prefer living by the defiance of, and trampling upon, the law to earning their bread by honest means. The Maffia includes within its ranks members of all classes of society; the old Neapolitan Camorra could point to a Neapolitan prince of the blood as one of its members, and if the Sicilian Maffia is not quite so highly honored, it comprehends noblemen, judges, lawyers, merchants, agriculturists, every grade of life, in short, known to the street pickpocket who makes a dash at your pocket handkerchief or your watch, or the highwayman who levels his pistol at your head. An infinite variety of causes, some of unbroken and fatal operations, for centuries has contributed in Sicily to make such an association as the Maffia possible. Throughout the whole country there is a complete ignoring, a complete detestation, a complete defiance of the principle of authority—of government action of any kind. It is dislike to this or the other rigorous or at least vigorous police magistrate. It is open war constantly declared against administrative prestige, or judicial and police control. How this state of matters has sprung up in Sicily would be rendered more intelligible to an Englishman if he refreshed his memory by reading again Sir Walter Scott's "Rob Roy," or Miss Edgeworth's "Absentee," than by any special exposition of contemporary Sicilian events. In a great part Sicily is, at this moment, in the precise state, as regards social life, safety of communication, and the administration of justice, depicted so vividly by the pages of Rob Roy, and the economical and social evils lying at the root of its political condition are almost identical with those so powerfully sketched in the Absentee, or Castle Rackrent. The condition of the rural population of Sicily is the first cause of the general spread of crime. The properties were long, large tracts of entailed land, in the possession of feudal proprietors who never visited them, who remained always in the towns—who always remain there still. There are no farm houses on these properties; there are no cottages. In Sicily it is a rare thing to meet with a village of even moderate proportions, still less with a rural laborer's hut. All the peasants cultivating the land live in towns. They are hired by the day, never for any longer period than by the week, the middleman or steward whose task it is to hire them, trying to get their work at the lowest possible rate of wages, that he may make as much profit as possible on their hire. These wretched creatures, who live together in the filthiest alleys of the Sicilian towns, huddled together with wives, children, pigs—Ireland all over again—leave the city gates frequently before dawn, for they have a weary journey before reaching the land which they must plow or the grain which they must reap. There is the same sad, weary journey—the return after the day's work. What ties have such beings to connect them with the lands they till? What kind of sympathy exists between them and the land-owners? They see their families in a state of want, dirt, distress, and degradation, and are almost a relief when every one to five years Providence asserts the rights of its natural laws, visits their miserable dens with some frightful epidemic, and either sweeps away the wife and children, whom they have often heard crying out for bread, or relieves them from the continued misery of such a spectacle by their own deaths. That is the normal, the ordinary condition of these Sicilian laborers. It is miserable in years of plenty, and when there come years of scarcity the temptation presented to such a semi-savage to take the highway is almost irresistible. It is a moment in the temptor whispered in his ear, "I am the Maffia." He knows that by joining the Maffia he will at once have abundant opportunities of making money by methods unrecognized by law, and still more abundant opportunities of escaping from the clutches of the law during his predatory career. Of the six thousand cases of crime which, according to the last statistics, occur in Sicily in a population below two millions and a half, four-fifths are unpunished, and this impunity is no doubt owing to the system of terrorism practiced by the Maffia over all classes. In this unfortunate population a regular code of social usages and legal, or rather illegal, customs has been developed and embodied in popular proverbs, which are every man's mouth. There are, for example, such proverbs as, "If he deprives me of my bread, I deprive him of life." By the deprivation of bread the Sicilian understands any act, no matter how legal or just, by which one man, in the exercise of his rights of property, or in any other way, prevents another way, prevents another man from making or keeping money. "No evidence is good which injures your neighbor" is the common proverb, condemning all depositions in a court of justice by which a criminal may be speedily brought to justice. Proverbs to this effect may be heard in Palermo on the lips of persons belonging to the higher, and what in other countries would be considered respectable classes. They are quoted approvingly by the newspapers of Palermo. Can we wonder if in such a social and moral atmosphere the member of the Maffia ventures to hold his head high, and to dictate to his more timid fellow-citizens? He makes no secret of his character. As a member of the Maffia he wears a tuft of hair plastered down in the middle of his forehead, and a peculiar Maffa tassel dangling from the top of his cap. It is, I repeat, a body of these heroes who have just become involuntary visitors to the prison of Perugia.

Cuba.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

HAVANA, October 9.—Eight hundred volunteers started for Nuevitas, but the vessel bearing them came back, it is alleged, on account of the head winds. It is also possible that they returned on account of meeting 387 soldiers from Spain yesterday.

A Careful Girl.

[Cinnati Enquirer.]

A blooming country damsel, dressed in the height of fashion, came tripping along in company with her beau, and, while crossing a street, turned suddenly around to look at a passing object, just as the tip of her dainty shoe rested on the curbstoue of the gutter. As she threw the weight of her body on the insufficient foothold, her toe slipped, and plump into the dirt went her little foot, and splash over her stockings and garments went the mud. Her gallant speedily helped her on to the sidewalk, where she presented a pitiable appearance, and then endeavored to free her from her sudden acquisition of soil with his handkerchief.

"It's no use, Charley," sobbed the rural beauty, "It won't come clean; and—and—my st-sto-stockings are ruined."

"Never mind the stockings," consolingly responded her swain; "I can buy you a new pair."

"Buy me a new pair; where would I put them on?" said she.

"Why, we can go to a hotel for that matter," replied Charley.

"Never!" almost streamed the frightened girl; "I'd sooner jump into the river than go to a hotel with a man that I'm not married to."

Charley seemed conscience-stricken as the enormity of his proposition flashed upon his mind, and when last we saw the pair—they were in quest of a clean pair of hose and a proper place to put them on.

The Episcopal Convention.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church continued their session this morning. The religious services were celebrated shortly after ten o'clock the Rev. Horace Stringfellow, of Alabama; Rev. J. H. H. Brown, of Albany; Rev. R. W. Trimble, of Arkansas, and Right Rev. Wm. Rollinson, Willingham, Bishop of Maryland, officiating.

The South American War.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

RIO JANEIRO, October 9.—A general battle between the government troops and the insurgents is imminent at Buenos Ayres, though hopes are increasing that a reconciliation will be effected, based on the retirement of Avellado from the presidency.

New York.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, October 9.—The guttapercha factory on west 25th street, is burned. Workmen leaped from the second story, and many were hurt. One who escaped was killed by a falling wall, which crushed the adjoining houses. Losses aggregate $300,000.

A Home for Negroes.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Gassoway B. Lamar, who died recently in New York, bequeathed one hundred thousand dollars for the erection at Savannah of a home for aged and infirm negroes.

Revenue Seizure.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, October 9.—The custom officers seized to-day six trunks on the steamer Shawmut, containing ten thousand dollars worth of silks and velvets, said to belong to Mme. Morin.

Indicting a Mormon.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

SALT LAKE, October 9.—The grand jury indicted one of their own number for lascivious cohabitation. He is charged with having four wives.

The Nile.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

CAIRO, Oct. 9.—The river Nile is falling. The danger of the disastrous inundation over.

Dead.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

HARTFOR , October 9.—The mother of President Porter, of Yale college, is dead.

MARKET REPORTS.

Telegraphic Markets.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

NEW YORK, October 9.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS are now ready in pamphlet form, with table of cases and general index. At the last term decisions of very great importance were rendered. Sent post paid for $1. Address W. A. Hemphill & Co.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
J. M. ACTON. *J. W. ANDERSON.*

ATLANTA:

Saturday Morning, October 10, 1874

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FIRST DISTRICT:
Hon. J. HARTRIDGE, of Chatham.

SECOND DISTRICT:
Hon. W. E. SMITH, of Dougherty.

THIRD DISTRICT:
Hon. PHILIP COOK, of Sumter.

FOURTH DISTRICT:
Hon. H. R. HARRIS, of Meriwether.

FIFTH DISTRICT:
Hon. M. A. CANDLER, of DeKalb.

SIXTH DISTRICT:
Hon. Jas. H. BLOUNT, of Bibb.

SEVENTH DISTRICT:
Hon. L. N. TRAMMELL, of White.

EIGHTH DISTRICT:
Hon. A. H. STEPHENS, of Taliaferro.

NINTH DISTRICT:
Hon. G. McMILLAN, of Habersham

ELECTION: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3D.

BREVITIES.

—In Paris they call gray hair "a little dust from the road of life."

—Four persons out of five in Switzerland are landed proprietors.

—It is said that the daughter of the late President Juarez of Mexico is teaching school in a small interior town in that country.

—A banking firm in Washington recently filled an order from Philadelphia for a large amount of chains against Jay Cooke & Co., at 30 cents on the dollar, and accounts are now freely offered at 25 cents on the dollar.

—Lord Dudley has made a princely gift to the empress of Austria. Her majesty having expressed great admiration of some of the horses she saw in the hunting-field, the earl asked her to accept of his favorite hunter, a splendid animal, worth 800 guineas. Polite.

—The St. Louis hog market is overstocked, especially with common and stocke. Local shippers are warned against sending in more unless a further decline is accepted. Packers are doing almost nothing, and the price of common to good hogs has dropped to $5 50 @ 6 60

—France is endeavoring to resume specie payments. Government has commenced to pay out gold in small quantities. Gold and silver are said to be very abundant at present, and as the harvests have been good it is expected that heavy shipment of bullion into the country will continue to be made from abroad.

—The fifth industrial exposition closed at Cincinnati Saturday night, after twenty-eight days' exhibition. Five hundred and fifty-four thousand persons visited the exposition during that period, and the receipts have been $69,000, exclusive of the receipts from sales of privileges, which amounted to several thousand more.

—Thursday evening Fred Voke's family, received the entire three degrees of the Pythian Knighthood of Albany. The conferring of three degrees on one person at one time is an unprecedented event in the history of this rapidly increasing and influential order, and was done in view of Mr. Vokes' intention to establish lodges in England, for which purpose he will soon go to that country.

—Few persons are aware of the amount of wood used in this country in the production of what are known as briar-wood pipes. The steamers Columbia, Matilda, Georgiana and Wenonah bring most of it from places in Virginia, to the Potomac, York, James, and Rappahannock rivers. The total amount brought here ranges from five to fifty tons a week. The wood comes in chunks from five or six inches to over a foot in diameter. They are the bulb-like roots of a shrub or tree called the ivy. It grows on the thin soil at the head of creeks or in marshy places. The rough roots are worth about $26 a ton. Most of it is used by pipe manufacturers in Philadelphia and New York.—*Baltimore American.*

—During a performance in the Metropolitan theatre, in Sacramento, California, a few nights ago, it was ascertained that a large number of young "hoodlums" had managed to gain access to the loft of the building, from whence they could look down through the ventilators upon the stage, and several men connected with the theatre, accompanied by two policemen, went to dislodge them. While they were doing so the occupants of the loft flew around nervously to avoid arrest, and three of them, in their fright, made missteps, and their legs passed through the ceiling and dangled in sight of the audience below. The falling plaster, and the jar of the building occasioned by the general shrinking of the audience created the impression that an earthquake had occurred, and quite a panic ensued.

—On Mr. Faw's farm in Washington county, east Tennessee is the famous Boone tree, which contains the earliest record of civilization in the state. One hundred and fourteen years ago Daniel Boone cut upon the bark the following record of his day's sport:

D. Boon
CILED ABAR On
in ThE Tree
YEAR
1760

At that time he was twenty-six years of age; and doubtless was more than one hundred miles from any human habitation. The tree is just two feet in diameter, and leans about three degrees from perpendicularity. It has been greatly defaced by seekers after immortality, who have inscribed their names all over it for ten feet, or nearly so, above the surface of the ground.

—From late and trustworthy reports it appears that only about one-third of the fertile land of Egypt is under cultivation, and that is tilled in so clumsy a manner and by laborers so ignorant that it does not produce one-fourth of a fair crop. If the khedive would stop importing soldiers and buy some agricultural implements and make his people use them, his revenues would feel the benefit.

—The Petersburg (West Va.) Independent says millions of pigeons roost nightly at Oakland, and each train passing through Piedmont carries its quota of shotguns, which are almost a superfluity as the birds are piled so thick on the elder bushes that after nightfall one can step up to them and catch and kill them as fast as necessary without mutilating them with shot. One gentleman from Westerport Tuesday morning killed eight hundred and thirty-three of the birds, many of which were taken without the aid of a gun.

WE regret to learn that Gen. Colquitt is quite sick at his home in Kirkwood.

VOTE for Judge Hammock. He is pronounced by all parties capable, honest and efficient. And he has always been a democrat—never a member of the radical party.

WE urge our people to go to the polls to-day. Every democrat should vote. In this only way can the best men be selected. Vote for some good men, even if you disagree as to the best. Vote anyhow. It is your duty. Vote now, then stand to the nomination like men. This is the only method of securing party harmony and democratic ascendency

The Freedman's Bank.

A meeting of depositors with this defunct institution was held in Washington last Tuesday night, at which Robert Purvis, a colored man, and one of the commissioners appointed to wind up the affairs of the bank, made a statement that should open the eyes of the negroes who have been robbed of their earnings, to the truth. From his remarks we learn that there were 70,000 depositors in the bank, and that at one time the deposits aggregated the sum of $4,000,000. This was too much for the greedy eyes of radical financiers, and a ring, composed of such shining lights of the republican party as Cooke, Huntington and others' was formed. The deposits of the industrious but unfortunate darkey were doomed from that time. They were heartlessly squandered on worthless securities like Jay Cooke & Co's bonds, the Seneca Sandstone company, the Maryland Free-stone company, etc. A considerable proportion of these collaterals are not worth the paper on which they were written; the real estate securities were accepted at valuations far beyond what can be realized by their sale at the present time; the loans of the several branches amount to $340,000, one-half of which will be lost; and the bulk of the money that can be recovered is tied up in small loans to poor persons who are unable to pay the principal sums, and who cannot dispose of their property, except at sorrowful sacrifices in these depressed times. At the conclusion of the statement of the commissioner, the meeting adopted a resolution condemning in the strongest terms the villains "who, in their official connection with the freedman's bank, proved themselves recreant to their trust by defrauding the depositors of their hard-earned earnings."

The concern owes $2,800,000, and the commissioners have succeeded in collecting $45,000, or about 1½ per cent. of this amount. The rest of the assets depends either upon worthless securities, pledged by the favorites of the administration, or is so tied up as to be unavailable for a considerable length of time. Not less than a year will be required to collect $600,000, which is the amount required for a dividend of 20 per cent.

Commissioner Purvis says that appeals of the most heartrending nature are continually coming in from the sufferers in the south, who have their hard earnings for many years, locked up in the bank. On these deposits they had formed many fond hopes and humble plans. As the winter approaches the misery that the villainous pets of the administration have caused, is more widley felt. In the words of the New York Tribune, it does seem as if the authors of this misery should be made to suffer, at least as severely as the unfortunate depositors.

Morgan Sends Greeting to Greene.

A large number of the citizens of Morgan county, headed by a brass band, went down to Greenesboro on Thursday night last and, congratulated the democrats on their grand success in overthrowing the rule of radicalism which has held sway over them ever since the close of the war. In 1872 Greene paid the same compliment to Morgan on her redemption from negro rule. Greene county ought to be congratulated. Her people have done nobly.

We have received the first number of the Republic—a paper started to swallow whatever Grantism wishes and calls good. At the outset of his career as civil officer, the president had the warm and hearty support of nearly every journal in New York; and now, says the Sun, it is adjudged necessary by his friends to establish a new journal, for the reason that there is not one left in New York that heartily supports him. This, however, is none of our funeral, and we would not have alluded to it if we had not discovered a paragraph in its Washington dispatches that may interest people hereabouts. Here it is:

Congress at its last session appropriated $300,000 to erect a new public building at Atlanta, Ga. A few days since a petition, signed by 1,700 alleged citizens of Atlanta, recommending the appointment of H. I. Kimball to be superintendent of the construction of the said building, was received at the treasury department. The principal signers are Mayor Spencer and ex-Gov. Brown. The petition was referred to the secretary of the treasury, who declined to appoint Mr. Kimball.

THE tent of Prof. Little, state geologist, was pitched last week in Marietta. His present serres of observations began at Wood's copper mines, near the Alabama line, and he is now following the copper lead through Carroll, Paulding, Douglas, Cobb, Cherokee, Bartow, Pickens and Gilmer counties, to the Duckton mines. Other mineralogical outcrowings are, however, noted as he passes along. The Marietta Journal says that he is astounded at the richness of the iron and gold deposits in Cobb and Cherokee. He also pronounces the mica of Cherokee very fine, and the deposits abundant. He collects "specimens" as he goes, and it will not be long before his room in the capitol will contain a collection that will fairly illustrate the mineral wealth of the state.

THE Sultan's sons were born before he ascended the throne, and cannot, therefore, succeed him. He is in failing health, and has vainly striven to have his sons put in the line of succession. We are now informed that he has accepted the situation, and become reconciled to his nephew, Mahommed Murad Effendi, the legal heir to the Turkish throne. The Sultan has sworn to respect that right, and M. M. E. has promised that the sons of the Sultan shall retain their rank and palaces. The Sultana opposed this arrangement to the last. The poor old man is in a precarious condition of health.

GEN. WM. PHILLIPS has been elected president of the Marietta and North Georgia Railroad Company, in the place of Hon. James R. Brown, who resigned. The grading is now completed to Bullock's barn, in Cherokee, and is progressing daily. The Marietta Journal thinks that if the people who are interested in this important enterprise would talk and work less for the congressional nominees, and more for the new railroad, it would be money in their pockets: Marietta and Atlanta should see that this project is pushed to a speedy completion.

WESTON, the bore, is walking again. He started at five minutes past 12 o'clock of last Monday morning, on his third effort to walk 500 miles in six days. He walked 101 miles on Monday, and 70 miles on Tuesday. He is said to be in perfect health and splendid condition; and his match against time is watched with considerable interest by many eminent physicians and a host of New York notables. One thousand ladies visited the building on Monday.

By reference to a card elsewhere it will be seen that Col. L. N. Trammell has retired from the congressional race in the 7th district for the reasons given.

WE need fine Aldermen, popular with all classes of our people, and efficient. Such are Maddox, West and Roach. Vote for them.

Hon. B. H. Hill.

The speeches of this gentleman have done great good in southwest Georgia. The democrats of every district should have a few speeches from him during the campaign. Georgia is proud of his great intellect, and we are glad to see the prejudices against him, arising from past antagonisms, disappearing from sight. We are glad to find the great orator more in accord with the whole people, who are surely coming to the determination that his voice and talent must be officially in their service.

THE Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal says that Mr. Gaswaway B. Lamar, who recovered a cotton claim not long ago, amounting to $579,000, out of which he had to pay Ben. Butler $35,000, and other attorneys $57,000, left by his will the sum of $100,000 for the purpose of founding a home for indigent negroes in Savannah. This donation is the more striking, as Mr. Lamar left numerous decendants and relatives.

COL. L. N. TRAMMELL.

Retires from the Candidacy in the Seventh District.

DALTON, GA., Oct. 7, 1874.

To the democratic executive committee of the seventh congressional district:

On the 2d of September I was fairly nominated for congress by a legally called properly constituted, openly and honorably conducted convention of your party. I was not present at their convention, or at any county meeting by which delegates to this convention were appointed; but I have informed myself of their character and conduct, and no fact or circumstance has come to my knowledge which cast discredit upon any of the bodies, or any individual who participated in them. Prior to my nomination, acting upon the belief that my overthrow was necessary to the success of any other candidate, a bitter and unrelenting war had been waged upon me personally and politically, by a combined common effort, by some of my competitors and their adherents. This canvass has been in various places conducted with a reckless disregard to truth. A flood tide of slander and falsehood had set in against me. To effect the success of some other candidate, by the accomplishment of my overthrow, many of the friends of several of my competitors had been unalterably committed against me.

After my nomination this flood of calumny was increased in volume and virulence. New falsehoods were added to the already long and black catalogue. It was asserted that I received but sixteen votes—less than a majority of the convention; that I had offered $1,000.00 to have the vote of one county; that one member of the convention had received $700, and another $500 for his vote; that I was a professional gambler; that my nomination was the result of intrigue and fraud; that I received an enormous fee (three times as much I am worth) to engineer through the legislature a huge swindle; that I was "a corrupt 'lobbyist' and an unscrupulous political adventurer;" that I had grown rich upon corruption; that I was treacherous to my friends, my party, and my state; that I had offered $4,000 to bring into the field a radical candidate. These and other charges, all basely, and WITHOUT QUALIFICATION, FALSE, have been persistently pressed against me, some in one locality and some in another, the selection being made with regard to their availability, by some disaffected democrats to secure another nomination, by others to strenghten the independent candidate, by radicals to disrupt and destroy the democratic party. For six weeks before my nomination an adroit schismatic had canvassed the district with the avowed purpose of breaking up the organization of the party. He had found a powerful and wily ally in the radical party which is COMPACTLY ORGANIZED upon the principle of destroying democratic power, and breaking down democratic organization. The leaders of this unholy alliance have labored with untiring industry and unincreasing energy, and in some instances with unscrupulous perfidy, to accomplish my defeat and disintegration of the democratic party, their combined efforts leading to a common result. Some good men, not forseeing the consequences of their course, have blindly committed themselves to the leadership of the apostles of democratic ruin.

When I entered upon the canvass I found that the work of disintegration had progressed much further, and the public mind had been poisoned against me to a greater extent than I had anticipated. To do myself some measure of justice, and to heal the disaffection in the party, if in my power, I have visited every county but one in the district and addressed some of the people in each. Whenever I have met the people face to face, either alone or in discussion with the independent candidate, and presented the proofs of the falsity of the outrageous charges against me, and the argument in favor of the organization of the party, I have triumphantly vindicated myself and rallied many thinking democrats to their party standard. I did not possibly get the ear of one-fourth of the democrats of the district; seeing the the result of fair persuasion, my competitor, the so-called independent democratic candidate, claims to canvass longer with me although he had publicly challenged me to the stump and had entered into a written agreement so to do. I do not distrust my ability, if the time be allowed, to counteract successfully the effect of the unfair representations of my record, and of me personally, this disorganizer and his allies have made, and will make, in my absence, and of a thousand tongues busy in the dirty work of defamation, and of the skillful tactics of the radical party, and of the specious but deceptive cry of "the people's candidate" brought out by himself alone.

In those counties which voted for me in the first instance, in the convention, I would get the support of the entire democracy, and large majorities; in those counties which came to my support, the process of organization is progressing favorably.

The "Independent" has stated that had any one of my competitors been nominated to whom there was no grave personal charges, he would have withdrawn from the canvass. ACCEPTING THESE ASSERTIONS AS SINCERE, I deemed it a duty to myself, to the democratic party, and to my country, to afford an opportunity for party unity and harmony, UPON THE BASIS WHICH WILL REMOVE THE OBSTACLE IN THE WAY OF THOSE WHO HAVE, UP TO THIS TIME, FOMENTED DISORGANIZATION.

Before I had completed the circuit of the district, ten days ago, I submitted these views and this plan to the executive committee of the district. Their action has been made public, which has been criticized unfairly. I now assume the responsibility of giving that direction to this complication, for which I am in no way responsible; and I asked the executive committee to take prompt action in the premises.

In my view, the unity of the party is of vital importance to the state. Two years hence, a president, a governor and a legislature will be elected. We cannot afford to go into that contest with a demoralized party. As I have before stated, the radical party is organized upon the principle of disorganizing the democratic party, with a view of placing in position men at least under obligation to them, and, if possible, in full sympathy with them.

Disintegration is MORE than defeat; it means the death and destruction of the only party that has afforded succor in the past and offers hope in the future to our stricken people.

I never have, and never will, knowingly interpose an obstacle to the harmony of the democratic party. Neither my rights nor my wrongs can induce me to be auxiliary to the destruction of the unity of the democratic organization.

Now, gentlemen, understand me: I subordinate all personal considerations to the success of the party, and the consequent good of the country. While I believe that a just party will elect me, yet I offer my withdrawal from the canvass to the executive committee, to do with it as you please, that thereby party unity can be better obtained and party success secured. I place myself and the democratic cause in your official hands.

In placing our party standard at the disposal of the party by such means as its constituted authority may direct, I pledge to it my continued fealty. All that I can do will be done to prevent it from going down in disgrace and defeat in this, heretofore, the banner district of Georgia. Your fellow-citizen,

L. N TRAMMELL.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Only Three Counties go Radical.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

AUGUSTA, October 9.—So far as heard from only three counties in the state—Liberty, Newton and Glynn—have gone republican. The indications are that the entire delegation from Georgia in the next congress will be democratic.

MORGAN COUNTY.

MADISON, GA., October 8, 1874.—*Editors Constitution:* Morgan county is ablaze with a delirium of joy. Mr. Oscar Thomason, the democratic nominee, a gentleman of pure and unsullied honor, a born citizen of our town, is elected by 230 majority. The radicals were thoroughly organized under the leadership of their strongest man, Harrison Harris, colored. The odds were fearful—1300 colored, to 600 whites—but the gallant democracy of old Morgan were determined to have victory. Such tireless working you have never seen. By kind and faithful presentation of the principles involved, numbers of the colored voters not only voted the democratic ticket, but openly took the field and did yeoman's service. When the result was known last night, the grandest ebullition of joyous feeling that ever was known in this dear old town, was witnessed and participated in, by our delighted people. Loud acclaims rent the air; bonfires were under tribute to add to the hilarity of the occasion, while impromptu speeches by numbers of our citizens added to the general joy. The colored band (who did not vote) came upon the scene, while Commodore Dexter's anvil-cannon shots, as they pealed upon the glad night air, woke a response in every heart. The democracy of Morgan send greeting to her sister counties —work! work!! work!!! This was the day's watchword on the 7th. A manly and determined stand for the right, worked the result.

This communication may be longer than you would like, but it is as short as I could make it. A full heart is my only excuse. I regret to add that Mr. J. O. Hanson shot his father, Mr. Robert Hanson, at Ebenezer precinct last evening, and it is thought he cannot survive—one shot taking effect in the neck, and another in the stomach—whisky the cause.

Our gallant democracy go to-night to mingle their joy with their brothers at Greensboro. DEMOCRAT.

PUTNAM COUNTY.

EATONTON, GA., Oct. 8, 1874.—*Editors Constitution:* You will not object to hearing from old Putnam when your valuable paper is such a great favorite. The crops deserve mention first. The corn is very good, and will doubtless make bread enough for our people. Cotton, which was very flattering two months ago, was very materially damaged by the short but severe drought in August, and the rust which followed. Hence there will be about two-thirds of an average crop of cotton made in this county.

Quite a spirit of enterprise has seized upon the people of Eatonton. Several handsome brick buildings have been erected of late, including the bank of Mr. F. Leverett, two stores of Messrs. Webb & Ward, and one of Mr. C. D. Leonard, and another just going up.

As to politics we are "hunky." Yesterday Mr. Frank Leverett, our standard-bearer, was unanimously elected to the next legislature, there being not a single vote polled against him in town nor at any of the precincts. Two or three of the wisest colored men, the past leaders of the defunct radical party of the county, advised their friends to make no opposition to the white man's candidate, but give him their support. A good many of the negroes voted with the democrats. F.

SUMTER COUNTY.

Editors Constitution: The election to-day passed off very quietly, Messrs. Furlow and Stewart, the democratic candidates, being elected without opposition. The question has been frequently asked why the "opposition" brought out no candidate; but as yet I have heard no satisfactory reason assigned.

Our little city, in its trade and prospects, seems to be progressing. Several elegant and commodious business houses have just been completed, and others talked of. To date we have received near five thousand bales of cotton at our various warehouses, and it is still pouring in at the rate of several hundred bales per day

Furlow Female college, the pride of our people, is in a more flourishing condition than at any time during its existence. There are now in attendance one hundred and twenty-three pupils, with almost daily accessions to the number. Our new president, W. B. Seals, is without a peer as a disciplinarian and manager of a large institution. He has collected around him a very able and efficient faculty; has raised the standard of scholarship, and otherwise improved its internal regulations until it takes rank among the very best female seminaries of the country. ***

HENRY COUNTY.

MCDONOUGH, GA., October 8.—*Editors Constitution:*—The vote in Henry county for representative, is as follows: Dr. J. A. C. Wynn (democrat), 846; Ed. Jackson (independent), 447; Richard Dodson (colored), 21; Wynn's majority, 399. Your's truly, GEO. M. NOLAN.

GWINNETT COUNTY.

DULUTH, GA., October 8, 1874.—*Editors Constitution:* By request I send you the election returns of Gwinnett county. T. M. Peeples 861, W. J. Born 795—nominees. A. A. Dyer 931, M. M. Bolton 55, J. Q. Massey 33—independents. Dyer and Peeples being elected to the house of representatives. P. R. H.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Editors Constitution:—Below I hand you the official vote of Washington county for representatives: G. J. Elkins (democrat) 1651; W. Warthen (dem.) 1648; Wesley Simmons (colored) 702; Jerry Simmons (col.) 719. J. W. R.

COWETA COUNTY.

The following is the official vote of Coweta county for representative: J. E. Stallings (democrat) 1652; J. B. Wilcoxon (dem.) 1648; J. Shinn (white radical) 1498; A. Scott (colored) 1418.

***

WALTON COUNTY.

The following is the official vote of Walton county: Senator—H. D. McDaniel (democrat) 1040; Harry Camp (radical) 31. For representative—J. W. Carter (democrat) 1079. No opposition to Carter.

J. W. A.

COBB COUNTY..

Official vote: Senator—E. P. Howell, 646. Representative—W. D. Anderson, 664; E. H. Lindley, 632.

CLARKE, MADISON AND JACKSON COUNTIES.

ATHENS, GA., October 9, 1874.—*Editors Constitution:* Duke and Potts (independents) of Jackson county elected over the nominees by large majorities. Meadors of Madison county also elected. All democrats. Impossible to get returns; below find consolidated returns for this (Clarke) county: For senator (27th district) McDaniel 1,516. For representatives—Carlton (dem.) 1,508; Wilson (dem.) 1,509; McCombs (colored rad.) 1,020; Johnson (colored rad.) 1,019.

Respectfully, R. T. P.

P. S.—There is general regret and much grief manifested over the death of Hon. J. H. Hunter. He is related and well-known here.

OGLETHORPE COUNTY.

Editors Constitution: The following was the result of the election for members of the legislature in Oglethorpe county yesterday:

David W. Fatman (dem.) 1,032; Thomas D. Hutcheson (dem.) 1,035; Lake Brown (negro radical) 414; Jesse Hunt (negro radical) 390. Fatman's majority was 618, and Hutcheson's majority was 621 over the highest radical vote. The two radical candidates were both negroes. Not a white man in Oglethorpe county voted a radical ticket yesterday. Oglethorpe sends two worthy, sterling and able men to the next legislature, in Fatman and Hutcheson.

CITIZEN.

MERRIWETHER COUNTY.

GREENVILLE, Oct. 8, 1874.—*Editors Constitution:* The democratic ticket for the legislature in Merriwether, to wit: Warner and Revill, has been elected by a majority of 1276. Total vote 2116. Never since the organization of the county, has there been such a determined and unanimous effort made by the people. Nearly every white man was at the polls.

Yours, &c.,
CORRESPONDENT.

The Mississippi Negro Riot.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, October 9.—The Times New Orleans special says: On Wednesday a negro who was being taken to jail at Hazlehurst, Mississippi, after being arrested for arson was shot and killed, while attempting to escape from two officers, who surrendered themselves to the authorities and were lodged in jail. Subsequently, the coroner, who is a negro decided that the man had been murdered. Upon this the colored people avowed an intention of breaking into the jail and lynching the two men. The white people upon hearing this armed themselves and prepared to defend the jail. Since nothing later has occurred.

The Centennial.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.—At the United States centennial rooms to-day, was received an official announcement of the acceptance by France of the invitation by the national government to participate in the centennial.

To-day the finishing touches were given at Franklin Institute to the machinery not previously in complete order. To-morrow the wheels and belting, shafting, &c., will be in motion.

To-day a force of sailors from the receiving ships decorated the interior of buildings with flags of all nations, furnished from the navy yard.

THE PERKINS TRAGEDY.

Statement of Mr. Joseph Clare.

[From the Cincinnati Gazette, October 5th.]

Since the first statement of the all-absorbing story of the Perkins tragedy on Thursday morning, there has been an intense desire to know all about the events which would throw light on this unparalleled murder and attempt at suicide. The outspoken confession of the murder by Mrs. Perkins, and her reticence as to the cause of her unhappiness, added to the restrained testimony of Mr. Perkins, and his reluctant reference to the presence of Mr. Joseph Clare, left everybody in the dark as to the event of that night. Next came the statement of Perkins openly charging Clare with improper intimacy with his wife; detailing how he had been a listener to their arrangements for the occupancy of Clare's room together, and to their reference to previous acts of the same kind. This was denied at once by Mr. Perkins, and in this state of affairs the statement of Mr. Clare became of the utmost importance. A reporter was sent to Bethel to see Mr. Clare, and to get from him whatever statement he desired to give under the circumstances. The main points of the statement were as follows:

I was at Mr. Perkin's on Tuesday, September 29. I went to the store as usual, and he invited me to go with him to dinner. I went. After dinner we went back to the store, where it attended to some business, and about 4 o'clock I told Mr. Perkins that I had business at the exposition. He told me to come from there to supper at his house. We met at supper and after supper we both went out. I went to the exposition and Mr. Perkins said he had business down town. He told me to go to his house from the exposition. I suppose it was nearly nine o'clock when I returned to Perkins house and found Mrs. Perkins and a little girl in their sitting-room, which was also their bedroom. They always occupied that as a sitting room. I went in and played awhile with the little girl, and talked with Mrs. Perkins on general topics. The only thing I remember talking about was the state of Mr. Care's health, and about the exposition. Mrs. Perkins said she would like a glass of beer. I had heard Mr. Perkins say he kept beer by the keg in the house, and I told Mrs. Perkins that I would go out and get some. I did so, and she drank it. I then went to my room to bed. I heard Mrs. Perkins shut and lock her door. This was not later than half past nine. I was about asleep when I heard Mr. Perkins at my door calling me in a boisterous manner. I opened the door and there he stood with

A DRAWN REVOLVER.

I was astonished, and said to him, "Why, Charley, are you crazy?" He said, "No, I want you to come into her room." I told him when I was dressed I would. He told me to be quick about it, and then I was so excited at this strange performance, that I was soon dressed and in the room. Perkins still had his revolver in his hand, and in a very exciting tone said:

"I have been here all the time, and have heard your plans for occupying the same room; now I order you both to leave the house immediately."

I told him I would get out at once, but I couldn't understand what he meant. He said I could not go without his wife; we must go together. His wife then said he was crazy to connect me with their troubles, that I was in no way in the wrong. He said that he had bought that pistol for that very purpose, and we must go out of his house together or be shot down where we were. He had determined to get rid of his wife, immediately. Both I and Mrs. Perkins repeatedly declared to him that his charges against us were false. He finally consented to let Mrs. Peekins stay till morning, but kept insisting that I should go with her. He ordered Mrs. Perkins to go to packing up, and ordered me to sit up in the front room. He carried his revolver all the time, and followed Mrs. Perkins with it from room to room, while she was packing her trunks.

About midnight they had a serious quarrel together, mingled with some talk about what she should do. She said she was going to her aunt's at Seville.

Mr. Perkins came to me and asked me what I was going to do for this woman. I told him I could do nothing, I had no reason to do anything for his wife. He wanted me stay till she started, and I told him could not possibly stay, as my boy was in the city with a wagon, and I must help him about getting a load. He even went so far as to say he would shoot me if I attempted to go out of the house without the woman, but at last he said if I would come back to the house about 10 o'clock and see her off, I might go. He wanted me to order a carriage for her, but I refused; and he then agreed to do that himself.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.

About 4 o'clock Mrs. Perkins was feeling very deeply. She was weeping, and lamenting that she and her child were to be turned outof doors without a dollar. Perkins had gone to wash himself, and I happened to see Mrs. Perkins with a razor in her hand standing near the bed where her child lay. I screamed and ran to her, and she seemed to fall in a swoon. I caught her wrists, and Perkins came in and caught the razor and wrenched it from her hands, breaking the blade out of the handle.

After this Perkins begged her to not attempt her life, and she promised she would not.

After 5 o'clock she woke up, and was washed and dressed. Perkins went away at 6, and as soon as he was gone, Mrs. Perkins told me to leave at once. "Don't come back as you promised. Charley wants a divorce and wants to use you to help him. He wants to make a point in his favor by you coming back. Don't come back." This was the last she said, and I went away. I did go back, however, as I had promised Charley, but I only stopped at John and Ninth, where I could see the house. I saw that the hack had not come at the time appointed. I went to the store to tell Charley of this, but he was not in.

THE DISCOVERY.

I was at the 'bus office at half past twelve, when Charley came in and said: "That woman has killed herself in the house." I was shocked and could hardly speak. [Mr. Clare exhibited emotion at this part of the story.—REP.] He said I must go with him to the house. I told him I could not stand it, but he insisted, and I went.

On the way he stopped at the St. Charles and said, "Let's take a drink; we need something to steady our nerves." I replied that I had not drank for several years: but I felt almost sick and would like whatever he did. He ordered whisky. While there he said: "It was a fine thing she had killed herself. It was the best way out of the difficulty. He would have a quiet coroner's inquest, and all would be over."

Q. Did he speak of the child?

A. No; he never spoke of the child all the way to the house. I didn't go up to see the dead bodies. I was so shocked that I did not know what I was doing. I went to the exposition, and being sworn out sat down in the chair where our goods were and slept. At gaslight I went to the Merchant's hotel and staid all night, and next morning came out home by dummy to Columbia, thence by wagons to Withamville, where I got a buggy and came home.

New York.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The state executive committee of the independent temperance party has withdrawn the nomination of Judge Groo and Dr. Sutton, for governor and lieutenant governor, and decided to accept the regular state prohibition ticket headed by Myron H. Clark.

L. Roberts & Co., an old and much esteemed flour house in South, street announces that they are compelled to ask temporary extension of their maturing obligations. The assets of the firm and individual property of the members are sufficient to pay their obligations in full and leave a handsome surplus.

Counterfeiter Arrested.

By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

BUFFALO, October 9.—This afternoon the United States detectives arrested Thomas Bullard, alias John Davis, one of the most expert counterfeiters and engravers in this country. Also Elizabeth and Ann Adams, accomplices in this city. In their possession was found ten thousand dollars in counterfeit money of various denominations, together with the press, dies, etc., The prisoners were committed to jail for examination by the United States commissioner Scruggs.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Senators and Representatives.

The following is the result as far as heard from:

SENATORS.

First district—R. E. Lester.
Third district—Willis Clary.
Fifth district—Daniel Lott.
Seventh district—J. McDonald.
Eleventh district—W. A. Graham.
Thirteenth district—L. M. Felton.
Fifteenth district—T. D. Wilcox.
Seventeenth district—G. R. Black.
Nineteenth district—C. S. DuBose.
Twenty-first district—W. O. Daniel.
Twenty-third district—Williams Rutherford.
Twenty-fifth district—W. I. Hudson.
Twenty-seventh district—H. D. McDaniel.
Twenty-ninth district—W. M. Reese.
Thirty-first district—J. M. Freeman.
Thirty-third district—G. E. Deadwyler.
Thirty-fifth district—E. P. Howell.
Thirty-seventh district—J. T Slaughter
Thirty-ninth district—E. C. McAfee.
Forty-third district—R. E. Wilson.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Appling—Carter.
Burke—J. A. Shewmake, H. C. Glisson, J. B. Jones,
Baldwin—W. McKinley.
Bibb—T. Hardeman, A. O. Bacon, D. D. Craig.
Banks—J. J. Turnbull.
Bartow—Dr. T. H. Baker, John Neal.
Coweta—J. E. Stallings, J. B. Wilcoxan.
Carroll—Camp, Shellnut.
Chattahoochee—J. Whittle.
Chatham—A. R. Lawton, J. L. Warren, Dr. J. G. Thomas.
Cobb—W. D. Anderson, E. H. Lindley.
Catoosa—A. H. Gray.
Campbell—J. W. Nelms.
Columbia—S. C. Lamkin.
Clayton—Jesse Anthony.
Clarke—Dr. H. H. Carlton, Wilson.
Dougherty—Davenport, Wessalowsky.
DeKalb—O. Winningham.
Decatur—Daniel Magill, Thomas T. Maxwell.
Elbert—H. P. Mattox.
Effingham—H. E. Cassidy.
Floyd—Hamilton, Turner.
Forsyth—R. A. Eakes.
Fulton—W. A. Wilson, W. L. Calhoun, E. F. Hoge.
Gwinnett—T. M. Peeples, A. A. Dyer.
Glasscock—W. J. Wilcher.
Glynn—J. Blue, (col.)
Greene—L. B. Willis, L. D. Carlton.
Gordon—W. R. Rankin.
Henry—Dr. Winn.
Harris—H. E. Moss, Geo. Kilpatrick.
Hancock—J. L. Culver, J. L. Binion.
Houston-Brown, Simmons, Wimberly.
Hall—A. D. Candler.
Jefferson—Dr. H. L. Battle, Col. R. P. Little.
Jasper—T. L. Lane.
Jones—H. B. Ridley.
Jackson—G. R. Duke, Potts.
Lumpkin—Gen. H. W. Riley.
Lowndes—A. H. Smith.
Lee—H. M. McAfee.
Madison—Meadors.
Merriweether—O. Warner, W. T. Revill.
Monroe—G. W. Adams, J. G. Phinazee.
Macon—W. H. Willis, J. B. Frederick.
Muscogee—T. W. Grimes, W. F. Williams.
Mitchell—C. O. Davis.
McDuffie—J. H. Scott.
Morgan—O. Thomasson.
Newton—L. B. Anderson, L. F. Livingston.
Oglethorpe—D. W. Patman, T. Hutcherson.
Pike—A. G. Peden.
Pulaski—Harrell.
Putnam—Frank Leverett.
Pierce—Bennett.
Quitman—W. H. Harrison.
Rockdale—Dr. J. A. Stewart
Richmond—J. C. C. Black, P. Walsh, W. A. Clarke.
Randolph—W. M. Tumlin.
Sumter—Furlow, Stewart.
Spalding—A. M. Speer.
Stewart—Bell, ——Walton.
Talbot—J. H. Maxwell, W. H. Searcy.
Telfair—G. Graham.
Terrell—W. G. Simpson.
Thomas—W. M. Hammond, Isaac Alderman.
Taliaferro—J. G. Asbury.
Taylor—J. F. Ficklen.
Troup—J. H. Fannin, Pittman.
Wilkes—Colley, Quinn.
Whitfield—J. P. Clements.
Walton—J. W. Carter.
Wilkinson—Dr. J. B. Duggan.
Washington—W. Warthen, G. J. Elkins.
Ware—Miller.
White—Sire Craig.

Summary of State News.

NORCROSS.—The Air Line road is now in fine condition. Travel is better than it has been for some time.——While Mr. Nash, a young man who lives near Norcross, was returning home a few days since, his horse became frightened and ran, throwing Mr. Nash out against a tree and rendering him senseless for some time.——Most of the visitors who spent the summer at Norcross have now left, and the village looks desolate.——The Norcross Choral Society gave an entertainment on Monday night, which is said to have been fine.—*Advance.*

SAVANNAH.—A negro woman has been arrested for stealing money from the house of the sisters of St. Joseph.——Dr. Axson, pastor of the Independent Presbyterian church, has returned after an absence of several months.——A new and important line of steamships has just been started.—*Advertiser.*

MACON.—A shooting affray occurred on Thursday night between Mr. William Clark, a baggage-master on the South Western railroad and a crowd of negroes. The row was caused by a super-abundance of bad whisky.——Mr. J. S. Schofield, one of the most prominent citizens of Macon, was thrown from his buggy on yesterday and had his shoulder and thigh broken, and was otherwise injured.——N. J. Willis, conductor on the Macon and Brunswick railroad, shot and killed a man named Lee in Brunswick on Thursday. Caused by liquor.—*Star.*

GAINESVILLE.—A colored woman in Gainesville has been committed to jail on charge of infanticide.——Miss Eliza DuBusk recently came to her death by sickness, a pin under her finger-nail which caused erysipelis.——Cotton comes in freely now.——The chestnut crop is said to be unusually good.—*Eagle.*

COLUMBUS.—Mr. George Peabody, for years a resident of Columbus, is soon to move to Atlanta.——Several handsome residences are being erected.——Maj. J. A. Shinglear is also to make Atlanta his future residence.——Columbus put on its Sunday best to-day and goes down to see the new bo

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS,
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." marll-1y

PEASE'S PALACE DINING ROOMS,
ALABAMA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:

Select, per quart	65 cents
Medium, per quart	50 cents
Ordinary, per quart	40 cents

Address O. L. PEASE,
jan11-dtf Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA:

Saturday Morning, October 10, 1874

Our Advertisers.

Mayson & Norman sell household furniture this morning.

A house with six or more rooms wanted. Mayson & Norman will sell next Wednesday a large lot of clothing.

J. H. Anderson & Co. have onion sets and apples.

Advertise in to-morrow's edition of The Constitution.

The old court house and boat yard at Campbellton, will be sold on the first Tuesday in November.

Advertise in to-morrow's edition of The Constitution.

Postponed administrator's sale—Thomas B. Swanson.

COUNCIL refused last night to change the salary of mayor, but let it remain at $800.

COL. T. STOBO FARROW, of Spartanburg, S. C., is in the city.

ADVERTISE in to-morrow's great Sunday edition of THE CONSTITUTION.

"OUR SOCIAL CLUB" had a pleasant meeting last night.

MADDOX, Roach and West—vote for them for aldermen.

THE ball given by the young men on the night of the 22d will be a brilliant affair.

JOHN T. HAGAN has returned, after an extended eastern trip, in fine health and spirits.

WE regret to learn of the death of Mrs. James Purcell, of Augusta, wife of conductor Purcell, of the Georgia railroad.

THE choicest line of bleached trimmings of the season, to arrive this morning, at CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO's.

ALDERMAN FLYNN was present at the opening of council, but left after voting on the salary matter.

VOTE for Gay and Garmany. These gentlemen are leading in several wards. Vote for them.

COL. J. D. ALEXANDER, of the Griffin Messenger, is in the city, in the interest of his paper. We commend him to our readers.

BEATIE and Morris are the men for all democrats to vote into council from the third ward.

MAYSON & NORMAN will sell this morning the furniture of the King House at Stone Mountain. Be on hand if you want bargains.

THE September number of the Rural Southerner, is replete with useful information for all classes, and affords interesting reading on a variety of topics.

HON. JOHN H. JAMES spoke at Conyers on the 7th to a large audience. He was frequently interrupted with applause, and the speech took well.

A large lot of heavy retinned pressed dippers at 25 per cent. less than wholesale price at JOHN T. HAGAN'S,
oct4-1w 94 Whitehall st.

A large lot of perfumery, Cologne, and hair oils, to be sold at New York cost, at JOHN T. HAGAN'S,
oct4-1w 94 Whitehall st.

THE October number of the Atlanta Medical and Surgical Journal is on our table. It is a splendid number, full of facts and interesting items. Dr. W. Hauser contributes an interesting paper.

HAYDEN street is becoming a dangerous locality. Several accidents have occurred recently, but providentially no life has been lost or limb injured. But it may occur, and then wont the city catch it for damages?

FOR RENT.—Store house No. 53 Peachtree street. The building will be arranged to suit the occupant. For particulars address J. W. ENGLISH, Box 284.
oct6-dtf

MR. T. E. C. BRINLEY, the celebrated plow man, will be in attendance at the state fair. He has already shipped to Mark W. Johnson & Bro., Gang, Hammock, Turn, Hillside, Universal and Prairie Plows, for exhibition at the fair.

AMONG the lawyers attending the superior court this week, we were pleased to meet Col. L. J. Winn, of Decatur. Col. Winn is regarded as one of the rising members of the Georgia bar.—*Conyers Register.*

Yes, fe w stand *higher* than the ex-mayor of Decatur.

BROAD street presents an aspect of thrift and industry every morning, which is truly admirable. The thoroughfare is completely blockaded by cotton wagons and farmers who are come in to sell their produce. If this continues, Broad will soon be built up and become the rival of Whitehall.

MASS MEETING.—There will be a grand mass meeting of Patrons of the state of Georgia Wednesday night of the approaching fair week, in the city of Atlanta. Object—"Good of the Order;" hence, good of the country. T. J. SMITH, M. G. S. G.
E. TAYLOR, Secretary.

THE "Girls' Society of Trinity Church" will give an oyster supper at the store on Whitehall street, formerly occupied by J. M. & J. C. Alexander, as a hardware store, on Friday night, the 9th inst., for the benefit of Pierce's chapel. Doors open at 7½ o'clock.
oct7-d3t

THE celebrated inventor of the popular Watt plow, George Watt, of Richmond, Va., will be at the state fair, Deo volente, to exhibit his famous plows. He has shipped a number to his agents here, J. Ben. Wilson, & Co. The contest between the Brinley and Watt plows, will be an interesting one, and will attract farmers here to witness the test.

THE MEXICAN TROUPE.—This troupe gave another performance last night. The performance on the double trapeze, the leap for life, and walking on wire was splendid. To night Mr. Moncayo will act as clown, and sing several Mexican songs. The double leap for life will be taken by Sebastian and Julian. The performances are exceedingly interesting. Go and see them.

MERCHANTS visiting the city will consult their interest by calling on John T. Hagan for toys, tops, marbles, balls, baskets, tubs, buckets, measures, brushes, blacking, ground spices, soaps, cigars, candles, prize packages, chewing gum, canned goods, star candles, washboards, crackers, pickles, sauces, extracts, etc. Don't forget the place, JOHN T. HAGAN'S,
94 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
sept4-1w

THE Undine lodge of the Knights of Jericho met last evening at half-past seven, in their hall, corner of Broad and Marietta streets. Quite a number of visitors were present, and four new members initiated, among whom was one of the most distinguished men in our city. By resolution the grand chief was requested to address the lodge on the necessity of order, at the next regular meeting, and all the other lodges were invited to be present.

Editors Constitution: I have been informed that some of the tickets to be used in the nomination to morrow have my name on them for water commissioner. Please announce that I am not a candidate and will not serve if elected. I am opposed to the system adopted and the location selected, consequently it would not be desirable to have me on the board of commissioners.
J. H. MECASLIN.
Atlanta, October 9, 1874.

KIMBALL HOUSE ARRIVALS.—Davis Foster, Savannah, Ga.; E. L. King, Columbia, S. C.; S. F. Wilder, Forsyth, Ga.; L. M. Savannah; C. A. Withers, Savannah; A. H. Cox, LaGrange, Ga.; Phillip Gordon, Jersey City, N. J.; E. P. Otherman, New York; W. J. Whaling, Chicago; Mrs. C. Conley and family, J. D. Caperson, Oxford, Ga; W. B. Berry, Newnan, Ga.; Miss Mary Ella Hull, Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. E. M. Ivans, New Orleans.

PAPER, ENVELOPES, STATIONERY, &c.

MERCHANTS BUYING GOODS IN ATLANTA CAN SAVE FROM
TEN TO FIFTEEN PER CENT.,
BY PURCHASING THEIR SUPPLIES OF
PAPER, ENVELOPES, BLANK BOOKS, and all kinds of STATIONERY from
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THE NOMINATION.

Polling Places and Managers.

SECOND WARD.
Managers—P. Dodd, J. S. Smith, J. Welch.
Place of voting—City hall.

THIRD WARD.
Managers—William Gray, W. H. Dorsey, Whiteford Smith.
Place of voting—Dr. W. R. D. Thompson's store, Fair street.

FOURTH WARD.
Managers—W. H. Howell, J. H. Mecaslin, Tim C. Burke.
Place of voting—Willingham building, Decatur street.

FIFTH WARD.
Managers—Dr. W. C. Moore, Dan Irby, Micajah Hall.
Place of voting—Tallulah engine house, Broad street.

SIDNEY DELL,
24 Chairman Dem. Cen. Ex. Com.

DEMOCRATS of Atlanta, do your duty today in the selection of good men. Gay and Garmany are the men in the fourth ward.

PARRICIDE.

A Son Shoots his Father in Morgan County—The Murderer Escapes.

Our correspondent at Madison alludes to a sad and deplorable tragedy that occurred at Ebenezer precinct, in Morgan county, on Wednesday last.

In consequence of some family quarrel, Mr. Robert Hanson, an old and respected farmer of Morgan county, was twice shot by one of his sons, J. O. Hanson. One ball entered the neck, and the other the bladder of the unfortunate man. We learned last night from a near neighbor of Mr. Hanson, that he was sinking rapidly at noon yesterday, and there is hardly a hope that he will be alive when this paper reaches our subscribers. The son left on horseback as soon as the shooting occurred, and has not been heard from since.

VOTE for Ex-Mayor Hammock. He made an excellent mayor. Let us make no experiments—the tried man is the best.

To the Democrats of the City of Atlanta

While it is not an infrequent custom for an executive committee to issue addresses with reference to approaching elections, it is unusual, we think, to do so with reference to party nominations. The peculiar state of politics in this city, and state, perhaps renders such a course admissable and sometimes necessary. All the people of this city, interested in its prosperity and good government, belong, for reasons patent to the idlest observer, to the democratic party.

Therefore, since the democrats are overwhelmingly in the majority, the only contest for the selection of good men to fill the ocedfis is within the fold of that party; for there is no outside danger of defeat to *force* the selection of the best men or to cause the "office to seek the man."

Whenever a party is weak and the chances of success doubtful, the selection of the standard bearer may often be left to the leaders, for then they will probably bring out the strongest and consequently the best men as candidates. But when the party is overwhelmingly strong then is the time for its masses to shake off their apathy, and turn out and take the matter of nominations in their own hands.

If they do not, small men who are unprincipled politicians, will seize and divide out the offices, and fatally fasten themselves upon the body politic. Then commences the decline of the party, and soon the reins are transferred to an opposing party whose adversity may have purified them and forced out their best men.

All this may be avoided by the unabated vigilance of the *masses, especially when the party is strongly in the majority.* If they lack in diligence, they are honorably bound to stand up to their own nominations, even when they do not approve. Otherwise disorganization succeeds, and chaos, disorder and defeat follow in its train. Order is the first law of Heaven.

It is thus plain that it is the highest duty of every democratic voter to take the very warmest interest *now* in the approaching municipal nominations, on which depend so much of pecuniary interest as well as general prosperity and good government. Questions of vast pecuniary importance and of great public moment will come before the new mayor and council and before the water commissioners. These officers are this year elected for longer periods than heretofore. You ought to put in your wisest and best men—men whose action can not be swayed by the interests of politicians, but who would "rather be right than to be president."

What we have said is in pursuance of a resolution of your central executive committee requesting us to urge on you the importance of coming out to the nominations on next Saturday.

What more can we say?
SIDNEY DELL, chm'n,
J. A. ANDERSON,
W. T. GOLDSMITH,
Committee

VOTE for Ex-Mayor Hammock. He made an excellent mayor. Let us make no experiments—the tried man is the best.

Hammock Versus Angier, or the Milk in the Cocoanut.

Editors Constitution:—A correspondent, over the signature of "Democracy," in the Herald of yesterday, urges the nomination of Dr. Angier for mayor, with desperate earnestness. Had the writer confined himself to a legitimate laudation of the doctor, instead of indulging in unmerited sneers at Judge Hammock we should have passed him by like the "idle wind which we regard not." He says that Dr. Angier is no "standing candidate," and thereby intimated that Judge Hammock is.

Well, nobody can accuse Dr. Angier of being a "standing candidate" of the democratic party for mayor or anything else. That's sure. But we do say that in 1868 Dr. Angier was one of the candidates of the radical party in this city for their (so-called) constitutional convention. We do say that Dr. Angier and his radical friends beat the democratic nominees of Fulton county in the election that followed. And we do say further, that Dr. Angier was elected as a radical by a radical legislature to the position of treasurer of Georgia. That he served the state faithfully in that capacity was a simple duty to be expected from any man who claims to be honest and takes his solemn oath of office. It was a plain choice between honesty on the one hand and theft on the other. That's all. The doctor preferred the former, but he went back on his constituents.

Judge Hammock has served one term as member of council, and was subsequently elected mayor of Atlanta, both of which positions he filled to the entire satisfaction of the democrats who elected him, and of the people at large. He may be a "standing candidate," but the judge neither asks nor accepts office outside the democratic ranks. On the other hand, Dr. Angier has certainly proven himself a right handy journeyman candidate of the radical party.
OLD DEMOCRAT.

VOTE for Ex-Mayor Hammock. He made an excellent mayor. Let us make no experiments—the tried man is the best.

SUPREME COURT.

DAILY PROCEEDINGS OF THE SUPREME COURT, REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

CIRCUITS.

Chattahoochee	30	Augusta	17
Macon	19	Middle	9
Flint	17	Ocmulgee	12
Tallapoosa	11	Eastern	17
Rome	11	Brunswick	7
Cherokee	10		

ATLANTA, October 9, 1874.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

No. 13. Argument concluded.

No. 21. Charles Coleman, receiver, vs. Wm. S. Salisberry et al. Motion, from Muscogee. Argued. H. L. Benning, M. H. Blandford, for plaintiff in error. Peabody & Brannon, contra.

No. 22. Marcellus A. Pierce vs. F. M. Brooks, trustee. Claim, from Muscogee. Argued. Peabody & Brannon, for plaintiff in error. W. A. Little, by J. M. Russell, contra.

No. 24. F. Reich vs. The State. Keeping open a tippling house, from Muscogee. Argued. H. L. Benning, M. H. Blandford, C. R. Russell, for plaintiff in error. W. A. Little, by Peabody & Brannon, for the State.

No 25. Rawson & Co. vs. James S. Jones, administrator. Complaint, from Muscogee. Argued. Peabody & Brannon, for plaintiff in error. Ingram & Crawford, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Peabody the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

The Chattahoochee circuit will probably be concluded by to-morrow evening.

THE UNITED STATES COURTS—HON. JOHN ERSKINE, JUDGE.

Court met at 10 o'clock, M.

T. M. Marshal vs. Elliott, Cothran & Cothran; trover, etc. This case was resumed yesterday, and consumed the entire session. Court adjourned pending the argument. Arnold, Broyles & Wimpey for plaintiff; Printup & Fouche for defense.

His honor rendered the following decision, which we publish, because of its importance, and bearing upon a number of cases now pending in this court.

In the circuit court of the United States, for the northern district of Georgia. September term, 1874.

Ransom Montgomery vs. the Central Railroad Banking company. In equity. Case removed from the superior court of Fulton county, in this judicial district.

This case was argued on a motion to remand it to the state courts, by Mr. N. J. Hammond for the defense, and Mr. Wimpey for the complainant. This being a matter of grave importance, the court took it under advisement, and after a careful examination of the constitutional amendments, the civil rights bill and other statutes and authorities relied upon by counsel, pro and con, I am clearly of the opinion that this court cannot take cognizance of this case, congress not having conferred jurisdiction upon it to entertain this or like cases. Whereupon, it is ordered and adjudged that the case be remanded to the state court, from whence it came.

In open court, October 9th, 1874.
JOHN ERSKINE, U. S. Judge.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.

Court met at 8½ o'clock, and disposed of the following business:

W. L. Hubbard vs. Schultz and Branghall. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $278 12 principal, with interest and costs.

Radwich M. Duffie vs. T. M. Elyea. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $820 principal, with interest and costs.

Morris Lipis vs. James M. Smith. Judgment by default for plaintiff for $160 principal, with interest and costs.

T. M. Elyea vs. the Phenix Mutual Life Insurance company. Dismissed by defendant. A. W. Hammond & Son for defendant.

J. H. Newton vs. A. Gilmore. Trial verdict for plaintiff for $1331 94 principal, with interest and costs. Hillyer & Bro. for plaintiff.

Benjamin Fannin vs. R. A. Johnson and J. C. Griffin. Dismissed.

Eddie Muse vs. Marcus Muse. Dismissed.

Mattie Ryan vs. Stephen Ryan. Dismissed.

D. L. Cleveland vs. J. E. Cox. Settled. C. K. Maddox, J. L. Brown, for plaintiffs.

Alexander Clage vs. H. T. Cox. Demurrer to exceptions to the auditor's report sustained.

The grand jury made their usual general presentments, and were discharged for the balance of the week.

Court then adjourned until 8:30 A. M. Monday.

The calendar for to-day, is:

Tutwiler vs. McDuffie: Culberson for plaintiff; D. F. & W. R. Hammond, contra.

John Reed, trustee, vs. Jack Bryson & Co.; Westmoreland for plaintiff; Gartrell & Stephens, contra.

M. B. Rivers vs. R. A. Johnson; Robinson for defence.

Price List of Eiseman Brothers,
TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS,
55 WHITEHALL STREET.

Cassimere Suits	$10 to $25
Worsted Suits	25 to 35
Cloth Suits	20 to 45
Boys Suits	5 to 15
Childrens' Suits	4 to 12

oct14—dlt

LOOKING FOR SITUATIONS.—We are continually meeting young men in our city who have come from a distance to get positions in our growing city. Many are compelled to return home disappointed and gloomy. The impression is very general among people at a distance that Atlanta has an inexhaustible supply of vacant places, and hence when young men are out of employment they flock here. This speaks well for our city. It shows that the people appreciate the fact that we do an immense trade and employ thousands of assistants. We are sorry that any should be compelled to leave without finding employment; for if we could retain all who come Atlanta would soon be the metropolis of the south.

INFANTICIDE IN HALL COUNTY.—We learn from a gentleman familiar with the facts, that a well known negro, one Brit Cobb and Martha Vandivere, of Hall county, were brought up in the church of which they were members, on the charge of adultery. Pending the trial the woman gave birth to a child. To shield himself and paramour, Brit took the child, killed and hid it in an old stump near by. The child was found yesterday morning and both parties were committed to jail. The woman made a full confession.

Editors Constitution: Alderman Flynn was again absent from council to-night, so I am informed. But I drop this line to say that as Mr. Flynn will probably answer on to-morrow, election day, and cannot make a reply, if any be needed, till after the election, I wish to say that the points of my last, the additional counts in the indictment will be sustained, if denied.
A DEMOCRAT.

DEATH OF COLONEL R. G. TAYLOR.—We regret to learn of the death of Colonel R. G. Taylor, at Stone Mountain, yesterday at noon. Colonel Taylor came to the Mountain some time since from New Orleans. He has a wide circle of friends, and his demise will cause deep regret wherever he is known.

ANTIOCH Union Sunday-school, near Thomaston, sends J. H. Brooks and E. T. Grubb as delegates to the Union Sunday-school convention here on the 22d. W. A. White and J. J. Robinson are delegates from the Union Sunday-school at Rock Mart.

JUDGE Hammock could have gone north during the war and been considered a good financier, but he made a good soldier and afterwards demonstrated his ability as a financier. Vote for him.

MAYSON & NORMAN will commence next Wednesday the sale of $8,000 worth of clothing and gents' furnishing goods. The goods will be sold in job lots. The goods are now on exhibition at the Live Auction House.

HAMMOCK was a good confederate soldier. An honest able man, fully capable to fill the office of mayor. Vote for him.

DEMOCRATS of Atlanta, do your duty today in the selection of good men. Gay and Garmany are the men in the fourth ward.

IN what particular is Dr. Angier superior as a financial man to Judge Hammock?

GO TO the polls to-day and vote for men who have never affiliated with the radical party. Vote for Hammock.

THE matrimonial fever has spread from Decatur to Litnonia. Some of the parties affected have it seriously.

VOTE for Hammock because he is a man who will do his duty regardless of consequences,

VOTE for Hammock. Everybody admits him to be capable and efficient.

PROCEEDINGS OF COUNCIL.

The Mayor Vetoes the $1200 Bridge—Veto Sustained.

A SHORT SESSION.

ATLANTA, Oct. 9, 1874.

Council met. Present, Hon. S. B. Spencer, Mayor; and a full board, except Alderman Flynn.

RECONSIDERATION.

Alderman Young moved to reconsider the action on the salary of the mayor.

Alderman Fowler made the point of order, that, under the charter, the salary had to be fixed at the previous meeting and could not be changed. His Honor ruled the point well taken. Section 495 of the code says, "shall be fixed." Alderman Young appealed from the ruling of the chair. The rule was sustained by the following vote: Yeas—Goodwin, Haas, Keely, Ellis, Watkins, Flynn, Simmons, Goldsmith, Fowler, McDuffie, McMillan and Langston, Nays—Young, Kelly.

VETO MESSAGE.

The following message was read:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 6, 1874.

To the members of city council:

GENTLEMEN—Your action at the regular meeting of council, on the 2nd inst., adopting the report of Alderman McDullie, chairman of Street committee, letting the building of a bridge on Mitchell street, to Captain S. H. Jones, for the sum of $1,200 constrains me to exercise the veto power, by law vested in the Mayor of the City, and to file with the Clerk of Council in writing my dissent.

The public necessity, in my humble judgment, does not demand the construction of the bridge, especially at the cost agreed upon. It is near the outskirts of the city and of but little use, except for parties entering the city at that particular point, and even then, the branch proposed to be bridged being dry nearly all the time, parties can with little or no trouble pass into the city.

'Tis true, heavy rains may render the crossing of the branch impracticable for a very short time. If so, other entrances into the city are of easy access. My most serious objection however, is that the cost of $1,200 is altogether in excess of the demands of the public necessity for so costly a bridge.

With these facts before me, coupled too with the peculiar tightness of money matters at this time, I have no hesitancy looking to the protection of the city's interests to file this my dissert. Very respectfully, S. B. SPENCER, Mayor.

(Filed in the City Clerk's office this the 6th day of October 1874.

FRANK T. RYAN, City Clerk.)

The petition of T. S. Reynolds and others asking that council carry out the resolution relative to building the bridge was read.

Ald. Haas moved to adopt the report of the Street committee, over the Mayor's veto, but afterwards withdrew it.

Ald. Young moved to adopt the report of the Street committee, over the Mayor's veto. The motion did not prevail by yeas 8; nays 5.

Alderman Haas moved that the petition of T. S. Reynolds and others be referred to a special committee which prevailed. Committee—Haas, Keely, Kelly, Watkins, Goldsmith, Fowler, McMillan.

PETITIONS.

Of C. Bobo, asking for a free license to sell a few articles of merchandize. Referred to Tax committee.

Of Thomas Ramsey, asking for a free license to peddle fruits. Granted.

Of George Floyd, asking for remission of fine of $5 and costs, for disorderly driving. Referred to Police committee.

Of Willis Mann, making a similar request. Referred to Police committee.

Of E. A. Werner, asking to be paid $36 for filling and grading side-walk. Referred to Street committee.

Of Jeff Floyd, asking that $4 be refunded to him as street tax erroneously paid by him. Referred to Tax committee.

Of W. T. Ferry, asking that eye of the sewer above his restaurant be repaired. Referred to Street committee.

Of W. W. Grant et al., calling attention to the branch that heads near the culvert on Butler street. Referred to Board of Health.

Of Mrs. E. W. Root et al., asking for work on Terry street between Hunter street and the G. R. R. Referred to Street committee.

Of J. W. Kimbro et al., asking that the stopping of hacks before their places of business be prohibited. Referred to the Marshal.

Of Michael O'Neal asking that the council pay him balance due for sodding the city hall square. Tabled.

Of Southern Express company proposing to pay $75 per quarter in lieu of tax on receipts. Referred to Tax committee

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Finance.—Recommending payment of bills amounting to $7,760.41. Adopted. Of this amount $3,000 was on account of State Agricultural Society and $2,487.50 quarterly appropriation to Fire Department. The three steamers get $562.50 each, Gate city $675. Hook and Ladder $250. Jacob Immel chief $125; E. M. Berry $25; Jerry Lynch $25.

Relief—Favorable on petition of Sandy Barrow for license to keep a lunch house on Decatur street. Adopted.

Public Schools—Transmitting annual report of board of education. Adopted.

Fair—Complaining of general neglect of S. A. Morris, superintendent at fair grounds.

Board of Health—On petition of T. D. Lynes, complaining of a nuisance on Garnett street, between Whitehall and Pryor, that the sewer from Dr. Crawford's building empties into Garnett street and occasions the nuisance. Referred to the Marshal.

Special—On petition of military to remove water pipes from parade ground, that it is impracticable at present. Adopted.

BIDS.

Bids for doing the masonry for the fourth quarter were read and referred to Street committee.

FINALE.

Council adjourned at 9 o'clock, p. m.

JUDGE Hammock has always been a democrat.

THE CONSTITUTION BINDERY

The Attention

Of the public is called to the fact that the Book-Binding Department of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION office has recently been thoroughly overhauled and refitted, and that we are now better prepared than ever to do all kinds of Ruling and Binding, and Blank Book manufacturing, at short notice and at *low* prices. Old books that are worn out can be rebound and made as good as new. Music, Magazines, Law Books, etc., all bound in the very *best* style of the art.

The especial attention of merchants and business men is called to the fact that we manufacture to order all kinds of Blank Books for book-keeping, such as Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, and all kinds of blank books needed by business men.

We also call the attention of county officers to the fact that we manufacture blank books for the use of Ordinaries and Clerks a specialty. These books are far superior to the books usually bought from stores, as we use the very *best quality* of paper and put the best binding on them, making them much more durable than northern-made books. We rule and bind these books after any pattern to order.

We also do all kinds of ruling for railroads, such as Way-Bills, Freight-Lists, etc., and make all kind of blank books for the use of railroad offices.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention.
Address W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,
tf Atlanta, Ga.

Editors Constitution:—In reply to the second attack of "Democrat," in your issue of yesterday morning, I will say that it contains two most glaring perversions, and to show to my fellow-citizens of Atlanta what base measures are being resorted to by "Democrat" to injure me, I will now give the *facts* in relation to both matters which he charges me with. First, in regard to the transportation given by me as chairman of the relief committee: Sometime during the summer a one-armed ex-confederate soldier applied to me for transportation to Chattanooga. I applied to his honor, the mayor, for the same, and he refused to grant it, for the very good reason that he had established a rule not to give transportation to transient persons passing through the city, without first referring the matter to the council. Now, this was on a Monday morning, and the poor man had no money, hence, could not wait until Friday night without suffering. He was from South Carolina, had served all through the war in a South Carolina regiment, and was wounded in one of the last battles of the war. He was recommended to me as being a worthy person. After consulting with a majority of the members of council, I gave him transportation, they advising me to do so.

As chairman of the relief committee, I had a right to do it, and this right was exercised by all former chairmen of the relief committee whenever it was necessary for them to do so. For proof of this I refer to his honor ex-Mayor Hammock.

The city did not pay for this transportation until the matter came before council as I wished it to do. The vote to pay for the transportation was unanimous. At that meeting, at the request of his honor the Mayor, the council placed the whole matter of transportation under his control, which I was in favor of. Had I desired to retain this power, many, if not a majority, of the members of council would have voted for it; at least they so told me. "Democrat" says there were no grounds for granting this transportation. This I deny! The applicant was a poor man, without means, honest and respectable, an ex-confederate soldier, mutilated in war, trying to get to his relatives in Tennessee. If it was a crime for me to give him transportation, all I have to say is that under like circumstances, had I the power as I then undoubtedly had, I would do so again, and send him on his way rejoicing as I then did. Now I believe "Democrat" knew all the facts in this case, but willfully perverted them to try and injure me.

In regard to the bridge. On the 1st of October instant, at a meeting of the general committees of council the question of building the bridge alluded to was referred to the finance committee.

This committee, on the testimony of three responsible gentlemen—members of council, of whom Alderman Fowler was one—were led to believe that there was urgent necessity for a bridge at that place, they making positive statements that people coming from the country in that direction had to drive three miles further to enter town. The measure had been recommended also by the chairman of the street committee. On the strength of this testimony a majority of the finance committee recommended council to accept the lowest bid and have the bridge built. On the next meeting of council Alderman Goldsmith said that the bridge was not needed, as there was another bridge a short distance only from the one petitioned for. There was a difference of opinion in regard to the alderman's statement—two members of council stating otherwise, and saying that people entering the city from that direction would have to travel as far out of the way as stated above. Under these circumstances myself and two other members of the committee withdrew our names from the majority, and recommended what had been until then the minority report, which asked for further time. Hence I did not vote against my own report, for after withdrawing my name it ceased to be mine. These are simply the facts in that case. "Democrat" says that *if it becomes necessary* he will attempt to show that I dodged more votes than any other member of council. I now say that I have never "dodged" a vote during my term of service in council, and any person, "Democrat" or any one else asserting the same as a fact, is guilty of deliberate falsehood. On the contrary my independence in voting on many questions brought before council is perhaps the cause of the slanderous communications that have appeared in your paper.

In conclusion I will say to the citizens of Atlanta, that I will not notice any further anonymous attacks made upon me. I am before you as a candidate for councilman. Some of you have known me as a resident of this city for twenty-six years. I believe that during this period I have established a character for honesty and reliability which anonymous scribblers (not even Democrat) cannot destroy.
JOHN H. FLYNN.

ATLANTA, October 9, 1874.

The ladies on the soliciting committee for the bazaar, are requested to meet the president, Mrs. Pollard, at the young men's library, on Saturday, October 10th, at 3:30 o'clock, P. M. Those who decline to serve, will confer a favor by notifying her by letter, in order that others who are willing to work, may be appointed.
MRS. L. A. POLLARD, President.

ADVERTISE in to-morrow's great Sunday edition of THE CONSTITUTION.

TAX NOTICE.

The State and County Tax Books are now open. The time for paying is short. Come forward and settle. Office, No. 10 Alabama street, opposite Pease's Restaurant.
S. R. HOYLE,
oct2—d1w Tax Collector.

CONSUMERS should use from one-fourth to one-half less of Dooley's than of other Yeast or Baking Powders. It is put up in full weight. oct4—d1w&w1t

THE BAR-ROOM REMEDY for all ailments is Rum Bitters, surcharged with *Fuzel Oil*, a deadly element, rendered more active by the pungent astringents with which it is combined. If your stomach is weak and liver or bowels disordered, strengthen and regulate them with VINEGAR BITTERS, a purely VEGETABLE ALTERATIVE AND APERIENT, free from alcohol and capable of infusing new vitality into your exhausted system.
sept7—d&w4t

GAY and Garmany are the men to nominate in the fourth ward. Garmany represents the mechanics and Gay the merchants. Good men. Nominate them.

COHEN & SELIG, COHEN & SELIG,
COHEN & SELIG, COHEN & SELIG,
Corner Alabama and Whitehall street,
Corner Alabama and Whitehall street.
Our Clothing Department.
Our Clothing Department.
No doubt the best and largest assortment of fine ready-made
CLOTHING.
Everybody surprised at our low prices.
Everybody surprised at our low prices.
Men's clothing, Boys and children's clothing.
Reasonable prices. Immense assortment.
Reliable dealing.
The Large Clothing House,
The Large Clothing House,
COHEN & SELIG,
COHEN & SELIG,
Corner Whitehall and Marietta streets,
Corner Whitehall and Marietta streets.
oct4-sun tues&sat

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Our friends and the General Public who are in want of Job Printing should bear The Constitution Job Office in mind.

Our Job Rooms are on the Second Floor of The Constitution building.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

RATHBONE'S

Some persons hastily buy such a Stove as some friend has been using, instead of looking for the one that EMBODIES THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

THE ACORN COOK HAS
Largest Oven of any Family Stove.
Bakes and Roasts splendidly, quickly, evenly.
Ventilated Oven, Fire Box Bottom and Back.
Double Centres, Hot Blast Doors.
Largest Flues, Splendid Draft.
Longest Fire Box, for long Wood.
Hearth Swings, won't soil floors or carpets.
Air passes behind durable Fire Back.
Turn Buckles draw Oven Doors up tight.
Oven Doors Lined with bright Tin.
HEAVY, BEST NEW IRON, WON'T CRACK.
WARRANTED SATISFACTORY.

Also for sale, the
FOREST CITY,
Manufactured by
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SOLD BY
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STORE 54 WHITEHALL STREET,
Formerly occupied by us.
Address J. M. ALEXANDER & CO.,
sep10—d1m(inside) or J. M. BALL.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, October 9, 1874.

Cotton closed for low middling quiet at 13½ cts.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY. *Bales.*

By wagon	305
By West-Point Railroad	83
By Georgia Railroad	116
By Central Railroad	13
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	86
Total	603
Receipts previous	5,893
Total	6,496
Old stock	517
Total	7,013

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	778
Shipments previous	5,232
Total	6,010
Stock on hand	1,003

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[Special to The Constitution.]

COTTON MARKETS.

Receipts at all ports to-day	18,302
Consolidated receipts	96,638
Exports to Great Britain	3,000
Exports to continent	1,663
Consolidated exports	18,000
Stock in New York	47,200
Stock at all ports	317,095

NEW YORK, October 9.—Gold 10.

Spot cotton, new classification, quiet; low middling 14¾; middling 15¼; good middling 15½; old classification, quiet; low middling 15¼; middling 15¾.

Futures steady; sales 27,700; October 15¼; November 15 5-32; December 15 7-16; January 15 11-16; February 16; March 16 11-32; April 16¾; May 17; June 17¼.

[Associated Press Reports.]

The Associated Press reports show the state of the markets an hour later than the above special.

NEW YORK, October 9—Cotton quiet; sales 1,851 bales at 15¼a15¾.

Net receipts 353 bales; gross 3,288.

Futures closed steady; sales 27,900 bales; October 15 5-32a15 3 16; November 15 5-32a15 3 16; December 15 7-16; January 15 11-16a15 23-32; February 16a16 1-32; March 16 11-32a16¾; April 16 21-32a16 11-16; May 17; June 17 7-32a17¼.

Money easy at 2¼a3. Sterling weak at 5½. Gold 10a10½. Governments dull and steady. States quiet, except Tennessee, which is lower.

NEW YORK, October 9.—The following is the comparative statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all U. S. ports	96,618	
Same time last year	51,115	
Showing an increase	45,523	
Total receipts to date	250,975	
Same time last year	192,922	
Showing an increase	58,053	
Exports for the week	20,595	
Same time last year	12,323	
Showing an increase	8,272	
Total exports to date	51,454	
Same time last year	68,619	
Showing a decrease	17,165	
Stock at all United States ports	217,140	
Same time last year	136,547	
Showing an increase	80,593	
Stock at all interior towns	34,863	
Same time last year	32,328	
Showing an increase	2,535	
Stock at Liverpool	691,000	
Same time last year	593,000	
Showing an increase	98,000	
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	33,000	
Same time last year	29,000	
Showing an increase	4,000	

BALTIMORE, October 9.—Cotton firmer; middlings 15; net receipts 82 bales; gross 295; exports coastwise 46; sales 475; spinners 106; stock 4,007; net receipts for the week 173; gross 3,338; exports to Great Britain 180; continent 200; coastwise 356; sales 1,447; spinners 472.

SAVANNAH, October 9.—Cotton quiet; net receipts 4,731; sales 1,222; middling 14¾; exports coastwise 1,384; stock 35,428; net receipts for the week 25,151; gross 25,174; exports coastwise 10,875; sales 7,030.

NEW ORLEANS, October 9—Cotton quiet; net receipts 3,362; sales 2,500; middlings 14¾; stock 40,244; net receipts for the week 17,426; gross 20,976; exports to Great Britain 3,673; coastwise 5,151; sales 15,000.

CHARLESTON, October 9.—Cotton more steady; net receipts 3,357 bales; sales 1,000; middling 14¾

THREE ANGELS.

They say this life is barren, drear and cold;
Ever the same sad song was sung of old,
Ever the same long weary tale is told,
And to our lips is held the cup of strife;
And yet—a little love can sweeten life.

They say our hands may grasp but joys destroyed,
Youth has but dreams, an age an aching void,
Which Dead Sea fruit long, long ago has cloyed,
Whose night with wild, tempestuous storms is rife;
And yet—a little hope can brighten life.

They say we fling ourselves in wild despair,
Amidst the broken treasures scattered there,
Where all is wrecked, where all once promished fair,
And stab ourselves with Sorrow's two-edged knife;
And yet—a little patience strengthens life.

Is it then true, this tale of bitter grief,
Of mortal anguish finding no relief?
Lo! midst the winter shines the laurels leaf;
Three angels share the lot of human strife,
Three angels glorify the path of life—

Love, Hope and Patience cheer us on our way;
Love, Hope and Patience form our spirit's stay;
Love, Hope and Patience watch us day by day,
And bid the desert bloom with beauty vernal,
Until the earthly fades in the eternal.

—[*Fraser's Magazine.*

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

Day Passenger Train—Outward.

Leave Atlanta	9 15 a m
Arrive Kingston	12 21 p m
Arrive Dalton	2 17 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	4 25 p m
Leave Chattanooga	5 45 a m
Arrive Dalton	8 00 a m
Arrive Kingston	10 10 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 15 p m

Night Passenger Train—Outward.

Leave Atlanta	5 35 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 46 p m
Arrive Dalton	10 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	12 30 a m
Leave Chattanooga	3 20 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 03 p m
Arrive Kingston	6 54 p m
Arrive Atlanta	9 50 p m

Accommodation Train.

Leave Atlanta	3 50 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 19 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 55 m n
Leave Dalton	1 00 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 34 a m
Arrive Cartersville	5 34 a m
Arrive Marietta	10 0 a m
Arrive Atlanta	10 08 a m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Daily Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	6 00 p m
Arrives at Charlotte	8 06 a m
Leaves Charlotte	6 12 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 18 p m

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	7 03 a m
Arrives at Charlotte	6 00 p m
Leaves Charlotte	3 13 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 40 p m

Toccoa Accommodation Train.

Leaves Toccoa	3 54 a m
Arrives at Toccoa	8 30 p m
Leaves Atlanta	3 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 80 a m

Georgia Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	6 30 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 45 a m

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 05 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 00 a m
Arrives at Covington	8 00 p m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 40 p m
Leaves West Point	1 40 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 42 p m
Arrives at West Point	2 07 a m

Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

Night Passenger and Freight Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 10 a m
Leaves Macon	8 10 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 00 a m

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	1 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 10 p m
Leaves Macon	9 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	3 05 p m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.

☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	5 10 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.

Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m

Columbus Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 30 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 25 p m
Leaves Columbus	8 00 a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	5 25 p m

Night Freight and Passenger.

Leaves Savannah	7 30 p m
Arrives in Macon	8 20 a m
Leaves Macon	7 35 p m
Arrives in Savannah	7 15 a m

Millen Branch.

Leaves Augusta	9 50 a m
Arrives in Millen	12 40 p m
Leaves Millen	1 10 p m
Arrives in Augusta	4 00 p m

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE VIA Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

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CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

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On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

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Fare as Low by Augusta

As any other Route.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

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From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

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A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—tf

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It Positively Produces a Permanent Cure.
IT is strange yet true, that as a rule it is the brightest intellects, the best members of society become addicted to this diseased appetite. A habit which makes them slaves beclouds their minds, ruins their disposi tions, and gives them in their more natural moments a hatred of self as well as a feeling that everybody despises them—to such an extent that society has no charms. But thanks to the Giver of all good, this morbid terrible habit, and degraded condition, as well as all of the desire and feeling for opiates in any form is soon removed by this remarkable antidote, entirely so, and the weakened body and mind are invigorated, given renewed health until love and hope take the place of despondency and doubt. Though you may not be afflicted with the habit of using MORPHINE, LAUDANUM, or other forms of OPIUM, some friend may be, and you know it not, therefore let me ask you, in the name of suffering humanity to pass this on. By so doing you may reap the reward of those who do good. DELAY NOT.
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100,000 Tickets! 20,000 Gifts!
THIS is the last Concert of the series. Four have already been given and nearly TWO MILLIONS AND A HALF distributed among the ticket-holders. In the First Concert, the principal Gift, of $35,000 was drawn by John R. Durf, of Memphis, Tennessee, now a resident of New Albany, Indiana. In the Second it amounted to $75,000, and went to a club at Columbus, Indiana, gotten up by Mr. T. C. Burgess. In the Third Concert, the first Gift of $100,000 was drawn by Mr. L. H. Keith, of Kingston, Mass. In the Fourth Concert Memphis was again the lucky holder of the ticket which the Capital Prize of $187,500, which was distributed among various clubs and individuals in that city.
In the Fifth and Last Concert, which comes off on the 30th of November next, the principal gift will be $250,000, and it awaits only the turning of the wheel of fortune to ascertain the fortunate possessors of the lucky numbers which will entitle the holders to such fortunates as $250,000, $100,000, $75,000, $50,000, $25,000, &c. Twenty thousand Gifts, from $250,000 down to $50, will be distributed by lot among the ticket-holders.
Whole Tickets.....$50
Halves.....25
Tenths.....5
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The time is fixed and near at hand. This is *the last chance for easy fortunes,* and those who want to avail themselves of it have no time to lose.
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WITH THE OTOSCOPE FOR EXAMINING the Ear, the Opthalmoscope for examining the Eye, Laryngoscope for the Throat, he is able to detect, and treat successfully, troubles that have heretofore been considered incurable. As to his success in the treatment of Eye diseases, he invites attention to the following certificates:
ANDERSON, S. C., August 1, 1873.
This is to certify that I have been blind for the last three years, during which time I have spent several hundred dollars in trying to obtain relief, but without success. I had almost despaired of ever being able to see, when Dr. J. W. Gurley informed me that my case was Cataract, and by an operation, he believed that he could restore my sight. I consented, and on the 17th of February last, he operated upon my eyes. On the seventh day after, I was able to distinguish objects at a distance. My sight has improved ever since, and now (August 1st) feel that, with the aid of my glasses, I can see as well as any person of my age (67), and am able to attend to all my business—which tenders me a happy man, being brought from darkness to light. MATTHEW SNIPES.
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Dr. Gurley operated on my grandson for crossed eyes, and I can testify to his skill as an Eye Surgeon, by the happy results obtained in this case. The horrible deformity is completely removed, and the young man is rendered happy. WILLIS ALLEN.
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I was operated on for Cataract by a skilled surgeon of Augusta, Ga., and after being under his care for about four weeks, was discharged in a worse condition than when I went to him, inflammation having deprived me of the amount of vision I had before the operation. In this condition I consulted Dr. J. W. Gurley, who took my case in hand, and on the fifth day after, I was able to return to my family with the eyesight restored. Dr. Gurley's method of operating and after treatment are different and less painful than any I have undergone. J. B. ROBINSON.
Other references can be furnished as to patients already cured under his treatment.
Arrangements have been made by which patients can obtain board and rooms at from $20 to $40 per month, where they will be under the personal supervision of the surgeon in charge. aug9-tf

MEDICAL.

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ug24—dtf 27 Marietta street.

Patapsco Female Institute,
NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.
THIS Institute has been in operation for thirty-eight years. The number of pupils is limited. Its location is pre-eminently healthy, is central and is easily reached by railroad from Baltimore and Washington cities. For circulars address MRS. K. H. ARCHER, Ellicott City P. O., Maryland.
aug15—deod2m

Prof. Logan's School.
PROF. LOGAN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS will open TO-MORROW, in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street. This is one of the most comfortable and convenient rooms for the purpose in the city. aug tf

COAL AND LIME.

Save Your Greenbacks!
Save Your Greenbacks!
BY BUYING THE CELEBRATED
"SODDY CREEK COAL."
THIS COAL is equal to Coal Creek or any other coal in this market. Has never failed to give satisfaction where used. We are now offering this Coal for the summer months at the LOW PRICE OF
23 Cents Per Bushel
BY THE CAR LOAD.
☞ Office and Yard corner Alabama and Broad streets.
J. M. BORN, Jr., & CO.,
july19-d3m Agents.

TO CONTRACTORS.
Lime! Lime! Lime!
We are Agents for the celebrated
"CATOOSA LIME,"
and propose to sell it as low as any other good Lime can be offered. We guarantee that it has no superior for plastering or building purposes.
This Lime has been, and is now being used, on some of the largest buildings in the State in preference to others, after a thorough test. We name Mercer University and Pio Nono College at Macon, Augusta Factory and Thomasville Hotel. We have indorsements from contractors all over the State.
Special contracts made for car load lots. Be sure to see us before purchasing.
FULLER & HOOPER,
Grocery and Provision Dealers,
No. 148 Marietta street,
july17—d1awtf Atlanta, Ga.

COAL! COAL!
Coal and Lumber!
NOW is the time to buy your winter supply of COAL, to
SAVE MONEY!
I am now prepared to furnish the BEST
Coal Creek and Alabama Coal
by the car load or bushel, and will be pleased to furnish my numerous friends and customers with Coal again this summer by the car load for next winter.
Lumber, Laths and Shingles
I keep on hand also a good stock of the best Yellow Pine Lumber, Shingles, Laths, and a large lot of KILN and AIR DRIED FLOORING, which I offer for sale very low.
EDWARD PARSON,
Corner Broad and Walton streets.
Atlanta, Ga., July 12, 1874—sun&wed3m

None Genuine except this Brand is on the Barrel.
A. C. LADD, Agent,
sep27—dtf No. 9 Broad St., Atlanta.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

GIFT ENTERPRISE
THE ONLY RELIABLE GIFT DISTRIBUTION IN THE COUNTRY.
$100,000 00
IN VALUABLE GIFTS!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
45TH SEMI-ANNUAL
Gift Enterprise!
To be drawn Monday, Oct. 12th, 1874.
One Grand Capital Prize $5,000,
IN GOLD!
One Prize $5,000 in Silver.
Five Prizes $1,000 each in Greenbacks
Five Prizes $500
Ten Prizes $100
Two Family Carriage and Matched Horses with Silver-Mounted Harness, worth $1,500 each.
Two Buggies, Horses, &c. worth $600 each.
Ten Fine-toned Rosewood Pianos, worth $550 each.
10 Famimy Sewing Machines, worth $100 each
1500 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (*in all*) worth from $20 to $100 each.
Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Sewelry, &c., &c.
Number of Gifts 10,000. Tickets limited to 50,000.
Agents Wanted to sell Tickets, to whom liberal premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets $2; Six Tickets $10
Twelve Tickets $20; Twenty-Five $04.
Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE L. D. SINE, Box 86,
101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati, O.
sep6—w4w

LAND AGENCY.

TEXAS
LAND AGENCY!
HAVING spent part of the last three years in Texas, and having been repeatedly solicited by parties owning and controling large tracts of land in that State, I have determined, after thoroughly investigating the whole subject matter, to open a LAND AGENCY to some eligible point in the
LONE STAR STATE
at an early date. With seven years' experience in the REAL ESTATE BUSINESS in all of its details in Georgia, the business will not be new. Parties owning or controling lands in Texas can for the present address me at Rome, Ga. My partner and myself propose to give our attention exclusively to the business in all its details. Bring and conduct suits of ejectment, re-establish titles, sell and convey lands and pay taxes. Best of references given. Correspondence earnestly solicited. Address JOHN T. BURNS & CO. Rome, Ga.
feb7-dtf JOHN T. BURNS.

Hammond & Stevens,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA
Collecting a specialty. une11-d6m

GEORGIA STATE FAIR.

The Great Georgia State Fair for 1874
The Annual Fair of the Georgia State Agricultural Society for 1874, will be Held at
Oglethorpe Park, Atlanta, Ga.,
BEGINNING OCTOBER 19TH, AND CONTINUING
ONE WEEK.
$15,000 in PREMIUMS Offered, all in CASH Except Medals and Diplomas. No Silver Plate.
NO ENTRY FEES CHARGED!
We append a few extracts from the Premium List, as showing the range and character of the Exposition:

County Premiums;

To the County making the Best Exhibition of STOCK	$500 00
To the County making the Best Exhibition of FIELD CROPS	500
To the County making the Best Exhibition of HORTICULTURAL and DOMESTIC Products	300 00
To the County making the Best Exhibition of FRUITS	100 00
To the County making the Best Exhibition of DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES	150 00
To the County making the Best Exhibition of ARTICLES MANUFACTURED BY MACHINERY	200 00
For the County making the second best exhibition of articles manufactured by machinery	150 00

Horse Department.

Best thoroughbred Stallion and ten of his Colts	$200 00
Best Stallion of all work, and ten of his Colts	125 00
Best Gelding or Mare	100 00
Second Best Gelding or Mare	50 00
Best combination Horse or Mare	50 00
Best Saddle Horse or Mare	50 00
Second Best Saddle Horse or Mare	25 00
Third Best Saddle Horse or Mare	10 00
Finest and Best Double Team—matched	100 00
Second Best Double Team—matched	50 00
Best pair Mules—in Harness	50 00
Best single Mule	25 00

Cattle Department.
$25 and $20, respectively, for the best Bull and Cow of each of the following breeds—Alderney, Ayrshire, Brahmin, Devon, Durham and Natives.

Best pen of Fat Cattle—not less than ten head	$100 00
Best Milch Cow	75 00
Second best Milch Cow	40 00
Best breeding Bull with Five of his Calves	100 00

SHEEP.
$25 and $15, respectively, for the best Buck and Ewe of each of the following breeds—Merino, Southdown and Cotswold.

For the Sweepstakes Buck	$ 30 00
Best pen of Fat Mutton	30 00

SWINE.
Liberal Premiums for all the different breeds of Hogs.

Sweepstakes Boar	$ 25 00
Sweepstakes Sow, with Pigs	25 00

Poultry.
This Department is uncommonly full and liberal. Premiums are offered for Thirty-Four different varieties of chickens. $10 for the best trio of each variety, except Bantams, for which $5 is offered for the best trio of each variety.

Best Trio Bronze Turkeys	$ 20 00
For the best pair of Bremen, Hong-Kong, African and Toulouse Geese, each	10 00
For the best pair Rouen, Poland, Muscovy and Cayuga Ducks, each	50 00
For the best display of Domestic Fowls	100 00
Best display of Pigeons	25 00

Crop Products.

Best results from a two-horse farm	$ 50 00
For the most ample and generous support, sufficient for a family of eight white persons, to be produced on the lowest number of acres and at the least expense. This support to include provision for the work and milk stock used. The amount of breadstuffs, meat, fruits, butter and milk, honey and garden stuffs, to be given, and also the details of culture and manuring	$250 00
Best three bales of Short Staple Cotton	$150 00
Second best lot	100 00
Best single bale Short Staple	50 00
Second best do	25 00
Best barrel Georgia made Sugar	25 00
Best barrel Georgia made Sorghum Syrup	25 00
Best display of Samples of Crops, the contribution of a single farm	50